

Thammells mentioned several times in this history -

hours, from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for viewing the body. One estimate had it that 300,000 people passed it in that time and that the number would have been three times as many if the door had remained open. A special train draped in black with a life size picture of the evangelist hung below its headlight, returned his body to Cartersville for burial in the cemetery there.

In tribute to Sam Jones another well known man of the late 1800s and early 1900s, the Hon. William Jennings Bryan said, "Sam Jones had a great mind, directed by a great heart; an eloquent tongue enlisted on the side of humanity; a marvelous energy employed for the improvement of society."

Sam Jones was one of those who towered above the crowd, colorful articulate and forceful and now almost forgotten.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Eiland, William V., Nashville's Mother Church - The History of the Ryman Auditorium, Old Hickory, TN, 1992.

Jones, Laura McElwain, The Life and Sayings of Sam P. Jones, Atlanta, GA, 1907

Jones, Sam P., Thunderbolts, Nashville, TN, 1896.

A Survey of Cemeteries In Chambers County, Alabama, Chattahoochee Valley historical Society, Huguley, Al, 1990

The People of Chambers County, AL, Vol II, The 1850 Census and Genealogical Facts, Ed. John Peavy Wright, LaGrange, GA, 1985.

EARLY HISTORY OF FREDONIA

Carl Summers Jr.

Information on early history of Fredonia -

The village of Fredonia, located in the northeast part of Chambers County, was one of the first white settlements in the county. Land-hungry settlers rushed in to obtain lands which had long been the home of Creek Indians, native to the area.

Among the first to arrive in the spring of 1832 was Alexander MacDonald and his wife, Unity.³ They settled on the Oakfuskee trading path in what is now Fredonia, within two miles of the Horsepath Town.

The Oakfuskee trading path was a well used main route from the Savannah River to the Tallapoosa Villages.

The Horsepath Town was the largest Indian Village in Chambers County with 351 inhabitants. James Islands, the son of a Coweta woman and a white man, Joseph Islands, was the principal chief. The town was located between the village of Fredonia and Wards Mill. An Indian Burial Ground was located in the vicinity of the town in Township 23, Range 27, Section 23 and still exists but has been badly vandalized.

Two of Alexander MacDonald's daughters came with them; Margaret with her husband Asa Cox and Sarah with her husband John A. Hurst.³

Asa Cox and his wife made their first home one mile east of Fredonia toward the Georgia line.¹⁵

The first home of John A. Hurst and his wife was a tent located in the center of what is now the main road through Fredonia under an immense oak tree that used to stand in the center of the road.¹⁵ After living in the tent for a few months, John Hurst built a one-room log house, using the front half for a store, the back end for a sleeping place, and the tent for a kitchen and eating. After some years he enlarged his dwelling by adding to it three rooms, making a four room house and at the same time building a large one room log house for a store. The store served as a post office and stage stop and was operated under the trade name of Hurst, Cox and Company. This was the first store of many to be located in the community.

John A. Hurst was an ordained Christian Minister and on June 11, 1833 was the first minister licensed in the county to perform a

marriage ceremony.³ He was also a tavern keeper, and during the second term of circuit court held in Chambers County in October 1834 he was indicted, along with a number of others, for retailing spirituous liquors to Indians. From the beginning of the county John Hurst was an active participant in county government. He served as the first man sworn in as Commissioner of Roads and Revenue for Chambers County and was appointed the first postmaster of Fredonia. John Hurst died in 1862 and in his will specified "that I be interred in a plain manner ... in my grave without any monument or slab. I have at this time a strong confidence in my Redeemer, that I shall arise amongst the first on the last day." These burial instructions were not heeded, as John Hurst was buried in the Fredonia Methodist Cemetery and his resting place was covered with a well marked concrete slab.

The original purchasers of land within approximately two miles of the main crossroad in Fredonia are shown in Appendix A, along with the Indians who first held title to the land. Appendixes B, C and D list the heads of families who resided in the Fredonia Area in 1840, 1850, and 1860.

Merchants

There were many early merchants to set up shop in Fredonia in addition to John Hurst and Asa Cox. They included Crowder and Moon, Charles Hoadley, Alfred Zachry, Daniel McCoy, Samuel McJunkin, Jack Gay, Joseph Bonner, the Andrews family, William Smith who operated a jug factory until his death in 1847, and James W. McClendon and his brother Wiley McClendon.³ James W. McClendon moved his business to West Point in the late 1840's, served as mayor of West Point during the war and was the first President of the Chattahoochee Manufacturing Company. The Atlanta and West Point Railroad reached West Point in 1854 and joined the Montgomery and West Point Railroad at that point. Because of these better transportation facilities, Wiley McClendon moved his business and family to West Point in 1853.

Even though some of the merchants moved out, others moved in and Fredonia grew rapidly until the War Between the States. Just prior to the war there were sixteen places of business in the town. They included dry goods merchants, saloons, blacksmith shops, wood working

shops, a tanyard, hotels, and a Temperance House.³ Well known merchants included the following:

Meriweather Walker & (Alfred) Zachry, dry goods, groceries.
 (R.T.) Taylor, groceries, whiskeys, fine wines.
 (J.T.) Bowen & (Capt.) Cole & Co., dry goods, family groceries.
 (J.L.) Bowen, (J.T.) Stodghill, (Rev. J.) Cumbee & Co., dry goods, groceries.
 (G.C.) Johnson & (Capt. Bob) Moore, Merchant, dry goods, notions.
 (Cicero) Heath, (J.T.) Robinson, (A.M.) Clemons & Co., groceries, whiskeys, wines.
 R.T.) Humphrey & Co., General Merchant, whiskeys, wines.
 W.S. Wimbish, wood workman, maker of fine coffins, buggies.
 Marion Spikes, wood workman, maker of fine coffins, buggies.
 (J.) Nolan & (Ed) Satterwhite, Merchants, dealers in dry goods, whiskeys, wines.
 (W.) Herndon, fine blacksmithing and wood workman.
 (Levi) Zachry Co. blacksmith, horse shoeing.
 Satterwhite & Birdsong, livery stable.¹⁵

Agriculture

Settlers were eager to get into the new territory, clear the land and plant their crops, and farming became the principal occupation of most residents in the Fredonia Community. Cotton was grown as the money crop but corn, oats, wheat, peas, sweet potatoes and garden produce were grown in abundance to feed both humans and livestock. The large plantations were made as self sufficient as possible and usually included slave quarters, a blacksmith shop, cotton gin, store, buggy house, and barns for the livestock.

Slaves provided the manual labor on large farms, although the owner quite often had a large family and his children worked in the fields right along side the slaves. It was not an easy life for anyone in those days before mechanization.

Farmers in the Fredonia area who owned nine or more slaves as shown in the census of 1860.

<u>name</u>	<u>slaves</u>	<u>acres</u>	<u>cotton bales</u>
Joshua Adams	45	1700	125
J.W. Andrews	10	240	14
T.L. Appleby	10	215	18
Richard L. Askew	34	750	70
E.W. Barker	15	580	40
James P. Barker	10	460	18
Oliver H. Bonner	21	850	50
William Boyd	18	480	29
Thomas C. Carlisle	14	425	27
F.N. Chisolm	52	1480	125
Charles J. Cooper	21	350	56
J.W. Cooper	16	560	20
A.F. Copeland	18	542	38
Samuel A. Cox	9	350	33
G.S. Emery	18	585	40
Samuel Fears	32	1180	50
Augustus Finley	31	1550	40
Elizabeth Finley	15	360	11
William Fuller	14	580	30
Elizabeth Grady	19	440	17
James M. Gunn	38	*	*
G.F. Hill	16	700	20
James H. Hines	21	*	*
William Marsh	9	400	30
Greenberry McCowan	19	600	25
B.B. Moore	12	320	11
W.S. Page	13	400	38
James R. Phillips	19	1000	25
F.A. Pinkard	14	*	*
Jacob Rampey	9	420	15
George W. Smart	22	460	45
John W. Smith	24	588	45
A.D. Trammell	16	520	30
Farr H. Trammell	21	80	15
Solomon Ward	44	1650	125
Charles H. Williams	17	700	50
Alfred F. Zachry	18	700	20

* Could not be located in Agricultural Census.



Origin Of The Name Fredonia

The place name "Fredonia" was originated by Dr. Samuel Latham Mitchil (1764-1831), who served both as a United States Senator and Representative from the State of New York.⁸ He first coined the word shortly after 1800 from the English word freedom with a Latin ending, with an idea of its meaning "place of freedom." Dr. Mitchil proposed it as a name for the nation, but it was never a serious contender. For a while it enjoyed some popularity as a town name and a dozen examples exist. In fact, Fredonia was not an uncommon name for a Baptist Church and even today there is a Fredonia Baptist Church located on Route 2, Thomasville, Georgia.⁹

In 1833, the new settlement was called Hurst's Store and only later did it come to be known as Fredonia. The tradition in the community is that the name was derived from "free donation" based on a belief that the land was given by the Creeks.³

In *The Reason For The Tears*, Bob Lindsey questions this as a likely source for the town name based on very good evidence. He found

*Dr. Appling
Daniel Trammell -
PA Trammell
Father
Farr Hines
was father of
A.D.*

that section 13 of the township was assigned to Muskogee Doyle, a daughter of Nimrod Doyle and his Creek wife who had settled on the Oseliga Creek sixteen years previously. The land was deeded by Muskogee Doyle to her father who assigned the grant to John Hurst. Since Nimrod Doyle's name appears on every tavern ledger that has been preserved, Lindsey believes that the grant was used to pay a debt rather than a donation.

While checking records in Elberton, Georgia, in 1994, Bob Lindsey found the following: "At a land court held in Elberton (Elbert County) April 4, 1814, Alexander MacDonald of the township of Fredonia of the commonwealth of New York, proved for self and 3 of his family. Given 200 acres. Eight years later on the 6th of May 1822, Alexander MacDonald proved 17 in his family headrights and was issued a warrant for 850 acres. In these same records Lindsey found a number of other families that later immigrated to Chambers County.

Since this same Alexander MacDonald was one of the first to arrive in the area and came from the township of Fredonia in New York, it is most likely that he suggested the name for this new village in Chambers County.

First Marriage In Chambers County

E.G. Richards (1807-1893) was an eye witness to the first marriage in Chambers County, performed by John A. Hurst near Fredonia.² His account is as follows:

The first marriage which was celebrated between white persons in Chambers County, Ala., was that of Wiley Thaxton, of Georgia, and Miss Amanda F. Holifield, of Chambers County, on the 25th day of April, 1833, the Rev. John A. Hurst, officiating. As I had the honor of being one of the guests, I will give a history of the affair, as things were in many respects different then from what they are now. Mr. Holifield, the father of the bride, had moved from Georgia and settled in Chambers County, then inhabited by Creek Indians, about the first of the year, 1833. He settled on the north side of the Oseliga Creek, about five or six mile northwest from West Point, Ga., and near the place known as

Wickerville, which is about three miles south of what is now Fredonia - then called Hurst's Store. No white family lived nearer than about two miles of the Holifields. Mr. Thaxton, who was engaged to Miss Holifield, came over to consummate their engagement and the 25th of April was agreed on as the day of marriage, and arrangements made accordingly. Mr. Thaxton went to town and procured his marriage license. At that time there were but two persons in the county authorized to celebrate the rites of matrimony. They were the Hon. James Thompson, Judge of the County Court, and the Rev. John A. Hurst. Mr. Thaxton was informed that Judge Thompson was absent on a visit to his old home, in Jefferson County, Ala., and would not return for a week or more. He at once went for Mr. Hurst, whom he also found to be absent on a business trip to Columbus, Ga. But he was informed by Mrs. Hurst that she expected her husband to return on the evening of the 25th, and that she would inform him of the pressing call, and that he might rely on his being on hand at the proper time. On this assurance Mr. Thaxton came to West Point and invited Mr. Beman H. Martin and this scribe, (both young and single men) to accompany him to Mr. Holifield's. Taking an Indian trail, we reached there about sundown, where we found all in readiness for the marriage except the parson, who had not made his appearance or been heard from. Night came on and with it a light shower of rain. It was very dark. Things looked gloomy for a marriage; nine o'clock came and no parson. The family despaired of Mr. Hurst's arrival and invited the few guests to eat supper and give up the hope of marriage until the next day, which was done. But a short time after we had eaten supper, some of us were out in the yard and looking northward saw a torch-light coming in the direction of the house. Excitement was aroused as to who it could be. As they drew near, it was discovered to be Rev. John A. Hurst and his neighbor, George W. Browning. Hope revived, and as soon as the excitement of the moment was over the contracting parties appeared on the floor and were made one by Mr. Hurst repeating a most beautiful marriage ceremony. Thus the few of us who were there and who an hour before were filled with sadness and disappointment, were now filled with joy and gladness. Mr. Hurst explained that he did not reach home until dark that evening and both himself and horse were hungry and tired; that his wife told him of the message left for him by Mr. Thaxton and that parties were evidently in

waiting; that he fed his horse while his wife prepared some refreshments for himself, and that he sent at once for his neighbor, Mr. Browning, who lived a mile distant, to accompany him through the darkness to Mr. Holifield's, and that as soon as Mr. Browning arrived they started, torch in hand, and following an Indian trail, made their way to Mr. Holifield's as early as circumstances would permit. After partaking of the wedding supper, Messrs Hurst and Browning returned home that night about 11 o'clock. By that act Mr. Hurst established a reputation among the marrying class to the effect that he would do to depend on in case of an emergency. So ends the history of the first marriage in Chambers County, Alabama.²

Methodist Church^{2,13}

The first Methodist Church in Chambers County was organized with thirteen members by E.G. Richards in 1833, near the present village of Fredonia. The Alabama Conference met that fall in Montgomery and at Mr. Richards' request the conference sent two missionaries, Sidney Squires and Hugh M. Finley. They traveled through the country preaching to the people and organizing churches where possible. They founded churches at LaFayette, Fredonia, Standing Rock, Cusseta and Oakbowery. Finley died in the early fall and his grave was the first in what is now the Methodist Cemetery in Fredonia. Sidney Squires worked until the end of the year at which time he was transferred to the Mississippi Conference.

The names of the thirteen charter members are unknown, however, they are believed to include some of the following members who were listed on an early church roll: Rev. and Mrs. John A. Hurst, Dr. and Mrs. Isham Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. George Smartt, Rev. Reuben Oslin, Mr. and Mrs. W.S. Page, Mr. and Mrs. Pendleton McDonald, William Angus McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Asa Cox, **Mr. and Mrs. Harris Trammell**, Mr. and Mrs. John Bowen, Mr. and Mrs. Meriwether Walker, Mrs. James Robinson, Mrs. Dulcina Locke, Mr. and Mrs. William Herndon, and Mrs. Henrietta Smith Morris.

The first Methodist Church building in Fredonia was made of split logs and was constructed about twenty feet square. It was built by John Hurst and Asa Cox. In 1854 an impressive white clapboard

building was erected on the grounds of the original building. A unique feature of the building was a dividing partition down the center aisle, with the men sitting on one side and the women on the other. Each side had its own entrance door from the front. There was a large slave balcony with an entrance from the outside and services were held for the slaves every Sunday afternoon. This church building continued to serve its membership until destroyed by fire in 1954.

When the church burned the small congregation had a new brick church built on the exact spot where the old church had stood. Within eighteen months the new structure was completed and paid for. The building committee was: J.H. Camp, chairman, Miss Mamie Andrews, Ezra Moore, Harold Holley, Richard Sullivan and the Reverend J.H. Harris.

New Hope Baptist Church¹⁴

The New Hope Baptist Church was organized in 1832 and the first church building was constructed of logs in that same year. It is believed to have been located north of Fredonia at the Primitive Cemetery on Stroud Road. John R. Humphries, an ordained Baptist minister, moved to the community and was the first Baptist Minister to reside in Chambers County. He became the first minister of New Hope Church.

A group of delegates from churches in Alabama and West Georgia met in New Hope in November 1835 to form what is now the East Liberty Baptist Association. At this meeting the views of the Missionaries and Anti-Missionaries were argued forcibly as each group wanted the constitution to reflect their philosophy. A constitution and articles of faith were finally agreed on, subject to ratification by the individual churches. The Missionaries and Anti-Missionaries split in 1837 and the Anti-Missionaries formed their own association, the Beulah Association.

In 1837 the first split in East Alabama and West Georgia came at the New Hope Church when two anti-missionary ministers, Frederick Swint and Edmond Jackson, became members and then left to form new churches. Some of the members went with Swint when he founded the Mt. Pisgah Primitive Church and Jackson took away others to found

Fellowship Primitive Baptist Church. In 1835 at the time of the organization of the Association New Hope was the largest church in Chambers County with 113 members, however in 1837, the membership dropped to only 52 after the split. That year they built another building on Vernon (Oakland) Road across from the Baptist Cemetery. In 1841 they began a strong recovery when 39 new members were baptized and by 1848 the church had grown to 157 members and was again one of the largest churches in Chambers County.

On October 23, 1856 the property where the present church stands was purchased from Wiley W. Walker. The deacons at that time were David S. Moon, Garrett P. Crowder, William A. Johnson, LeRoy Brown, and Richard S. Askew. The church was built of heart pine lumber and had a slave balcony, a baptistery, two carbide gas chandeliers, and two pot bellied stoves for heat. The church bell was approximately five feet in diameter and could be heard five miles from the church. It had the largest seating capacity of any Baptist church in the county and remained one of the largest until the early 1900's. On April 14, 1860, the back lot was purchased from Edwin Satterwhite. The deacons were Garrett P. Crowder, William A. Johnson and Jesse Mosely. The building was destroyed by fire in 1953 and the present church building was constructed in 1953-54 by volunteer labor from the community.

From 1833 until 1945 services were held once a month. From 1946 until 1955 services were held bi-weekly, and beginning in 1955 services have been held each Sunday.

In 1849, because of the long traveling distance from New Hope to Long Cane, some of the members from New Hope and Long Cane organized the Wehadkee Baptist Church in Troup County, Georgia.

In 1899, due to the traveling distance between LaFayette and Fredonia, New Hope members who were living around Denson began the Denson Baptist Church.

Primitive Baptist Churches in Fredonia

Bradford E. Blair, Jr.

In September 1838 Fellowship Primitive Baptist Church was organized and located about one mile north of the crossroads at Fredonia. Records show John Blackstone as moderator, Wiley Howell as clerk and John F. Sharp as deacon. The first Sunday and the Saturday before that Sunday of each month were the meeting days.

Each month from October 1838 to March 1839 Edmond Jackson or Frederick Swint was chosen as moderator and held services. In March of 1839 Edmond Jackson was chosen pastor. Benjamin Lloyd accepted the call in November 1839 and remained the pastor until December 1842. Then Edmond Jackson was again elected.

In April 1840 the Church agreed to pay \$49.93 for the building of a meeting house.

Four years later, April 1844, Fellowship and White Water Church, which was in Troup County, Georgia, joined together and formed Union, locating on Vernon Road between Fredonia and the Georgia state line. **Josephus Barrow** was the pastor of White Water at the time and he became the first pastor of Union. That church continued until July 1864 at which time Union and Sharon joined together and chose to be called Sharon. Union was east of Fredonia and Sharon was south between Fredonia and LaFayette, so they moved to the town of Fredonia. In 1924 Sharon gave all properties and records to Lanett Primitive Baptist.

All of Fellowship, Union, and Whitewater records have been preserved from 1835, and Sharon's have been from 1835 to 1857, but those from then until 1924 cannot be located.

Education

Many of the families who moved into the Fredonia area were educated and cultured people and it was important to them that their children receive a good education. The first teacher of record in the county was Elizabeth Humphries, who taught in Township 23, Range 28, in 1832.³ Other schools soon sprang up and male and female academies were established in Fredonia in the early 1840's.

The essay below on female education was written in 1843 by Elizabeth Smith at the age of twenty.¹⁸ The essay presents an excellent case at this early date that women are just as entitled to a good education as are men. Elizabeth Smith was the daughter of William and Leonora Smith, early settlers in the Fredonia area. She married Wiley McClen-don, a Fredonia merchant, in 1849.

How should woman be educated? Under what training should she be placed, and what is the end of her tuition? First, we reply, she should be educated as a human being, possessed in common with man, of an intelligent, moral and spiritual nature. Christianity recognises no distinction of the sexes. So long as the broad principles of piety and virtue are concerned both are endowed with the same conscience; to each is allotted the same sphere of discipline and unto both is the gospel of Christ in its most solemn appeals, its sacred encouragements, hopes and promises. Some are fearful that women may become too learned, that they will be discontented with their ordinary occupations and lose their native simplicity, but I differ with them. Such should recollect that it is shallow draughts of knowledge which intoxicate the brain. I think a truly learned person seldom affects superiority to others. She who best comprehends her nature and relations will usually best adorn any and every sphere in which Providence may place her. Much is said about finishing the education, and finished in one sense is that of many females in this age, for between their school culture and their subsequent character there is as little connexion as between the body and its dress. The school room is left and the garment so beautiful to the eye falls at once off. The books once studied are gladly thrown aside not a single motive is felt to press forward in the noble art of self education. Languages have been learned but their great object as keys to the study of foreign literature is left unanswered. History is a dull theme, philosophy is merged in the newest novel dress and fashion is the height of their ambition, gossip goes with a little fancy needle work and a world of castle building. Oh it is sad. It is humiliating. Would to God it were false. We speak to the wise judge, aye, and say if the picture has not some bearing within your personal knowledge. If we may venture to recommend one study in particular for its beneficial influence we would name the practice of frequent writing composition. She should write daily whether it be in

journal or essay or on different subjects. How should it be that she who has spent years over grammar cannot now write a letter to a friend without violating its fundamental principles? Educate yourself at home and in private by fireside fidelity. The soul is expanded and our being lifted to God. Secure most of all not to the renown of earthly admiration but to that honor which, when the world and its charms shall be dissolved and melt like the morning vapor from the mist-clad summit of the mountains, will crown you with righteousness that fades not away.

Southern Military Academy

The school was started in 1851 by Gibson F. Hill when he was 43 years of age. Hill was born in Georgia and lists his occupation on the 1850 census as farmer. This record also shows a wife, Mary, eight children, twelve slaves, and real property valued at \$2,500.⁴ His daughter Ann married Peter M. Rowland, later a prominent political figure in Chambers County, on January 13, 1857.

Gibson Hill served in the Alabama Legislature in 1853-1854 and succeeded in getting a bill passed and signed into law on February 7, 1854 authorizing a lottery to help support the Academy. The Act reads as follows:¹

To aid the Southern Military Academy of Chambers County, Alabama.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened. That Gibson F. Hill of Chambers County, Alabama, be and he is hereby authorized and fully empowered to set up a lottery to raise funds to enable him to increase the staff of instructors in his Military Academy, enlarge the apparatus, reduce the tuition and to aid generally the said military academy.

Section 2. Be it further enacted that the said Gibson F. Hill is authorized to employ competent agent or agents to attend to and generally superintend the business connected with said lottery and the drawing of the same.

Section 3. Be it further enacted that a correct amount of the net proceeds of the said lottery shall be kept and as soon as the sum of

twenty-five thousand dollars is realized therefrom, then the authority to set up and carry on the lottery shall cease.

Section 4. Be it further enacted that this act shall continue in full force during the term of three years from date of passage.

Gibson Hill was a member of the Union Primitive Baptist Church. The church disapproved of the lottery and in July 1854 conducted a church trial to determine if Mr. Hill should be excommunicated.¹⁹ Virginia Smith tells of the church trial held at the Union Baptist Church as follows: "A descendant of the pioneer John Hurst, the Rev. M.B. Hurst, was present at the trial which he said included a packed house. The trial was held on Saturday which was their regular meeting day. The cadets, in uniform, attended in a body to hear the trial.

The charges were made according to the church policies and Major Hill spoke in his own defense. He did not deny that the school was supported by a lottery but he did quote the scripture where King Saul was chosen by casting lots and that the Apostles used lots to choose members. The Baptist preachers came back with the statement that the word lottery is not found in the Bible. Major Hill's reply to this was that the names of the two preachers were not in the Bible. This was thought to be such a brilliant reply that the cadets rose as a body to cheer their popular Major. As a result of the trial Gibson Hill was excommunicated from the Union Primitive Baptist Church and later joined the Missionary Baptist at New Hope. He went right ahead with the lottery and an advertisement to publicize it appeared in the Montgomery Advertiser and State Gazette on May 15, 1855 as follows:

Southern Military Academy Lottery! By the authority of the State of Alabama. Conducted on the Havana plan. Class P. To be drawn the second of June, 1 prize of \$15,000, 1 prize of \$5,000, 1 prize of \$4,000, 1 prize of \$3,000, 1 prize of \$2,000, 1 prize of \$1,500, 1 prize of \$1,100, 5 prizes of \$1,000, 10 prizes of \$500, 10 prizes of \$200, 10 prizes of \$129, 24 prizes of \$100. In all, 501 prizes, amounting to \$60,000.

Every prize drawn at each drawing, and paid when due. Without Deduction! Tickets \$10 -- Halves and Quarters in proportion. Bills on all solvent banks at par. All communications strictly confidential.- Sam Swan, Agent and Manager, Montgomery, May 15, 1855.

The notice that appeared in the Montgomery Advertiser and State Gazette on May 12, 1855, lists the instructors, describes the fees to be charged, the courses to be taught and the uniform to be worn: *Southern Military Academy, Fredonia: Chambers County, Alabama G.F. Hill, Esq. Principal and Proprietor. Maj. N.J. Armstrong, graduate of the State Military Academy, South Carolina, Dr. Putnam and J.S. Parker, assistants. The Fourth Scholastic Year of this Academy commenced on Monday, January 15, 1855, and will continue in session during forty weeks. As this Academy received very liberal assistance from the State at the last session of the Legislature, there will be no charge for tuition.*

On entering the institution an initiation fee of \$30.00 will be required of each cadet, except as come under the following provisions, viz: Each county in the State of Alabama is entitled to send one cadet free of charge. Such cadet to be selected by the Judge of Probate and County Commissioners from such men as are talented, deserving and of good moral character. Orphans should receive the preference. Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, and History, Algebra, geometry, plain, descriptive and analytical, trigonometry, calculus, shadows and perspective, natural and moral philosophy, chemistry, conveying, constitutional law, ancient languages, French, civil and military engineering, surveying, mechanics and astronomy. Tactics will be taught at such times as not to interfere with the regular studies. The discipline will be enforced.

Uniform

Dress coats of grey cadet cloth, standing collar, trimmed with convex metallic buttons, and sixteen-inch black cloth, according to the usual style; pants of grey cloth with black stripe on the outer seam one and one-eighth inches in width to be worn till the first of May. White pants from the first of May till September. The uniform is not to be worn except on general parades and such special occasions as the military instructor may direct. The academy buildings are large and well arranged and the location is eminently beautiful.

Board can be procured from eight to ten dollars per month. The principal will so direct the education of his pupils as, if possible, to make them practical and useful men. The experience and qualifications

of the instructors will entitle this institution, in a high degree, to public confidence.--(Signed) A.F. Zachry, Secretary of the Board of Visitors.

Mrs. Zelma Smartt Cumbee told how the cadets from the school in their uniforms and funny little caps often visited her brother Colon Smartt, a student at the Academy, to go swimming in the creek back of the gin.¹⁶ The school is believed to have been located near the present fire tower and the boys lived near the school in little huts.

Since each County in the State of Alabama could send one cadet free of charge, there were students attending from all over the State. Mindful of the temptations of downtown Fredonia, S. Mims of Prattville, Alabama, wrote to his son Wilbur on October 25, 1855, "Visit Fredonia as little as possible. I should think an arrangement might be made to have the mail sent to your school by private conveyance. This would supersede the necessity of the boys going so often, as to seeking pleasure that should consist in your books. They should be your companions, and then there will be no room for complaint."⁵

The following comments appeared in the S.W. Baptist (Tuskegee, Ala.) dated October 9, 1856:²⁰ *It was understood that the Military Academy at Fredonia, under the management of Major G.B. Hill, was soon to be removed to LaFayette; and it was resolved to discontinue the school at latter place in favor of that enterprise. It is understood also, that Mr. Blanchard so long and favorably known as the Principal of the LaFayette Male High School will be associated with Major Hill in the Military Academy. We bespeak for that school a liberal patronage under the management of our most successful enlightened and gifted instructors.*

The school did move to LaFayette in 1856 or 1857 "in the hope that it would receive better patronage", according to "The History of LaFayette", an unpublished manuscript in the University of Alabama Archives.²¹ "The Baptist did not obtain control of it until it was moved to LaFayette. Its principal was Professor C.M. Blanebasel who had come south from Maine, assisted by Major Armstrong who had charge of the military department and a Mr. Carlisle. There were about ninety students in the college proper, i.e. in the military department, although a great number of smaller boys attended the school. This school flourished until 1859, when it was discontinued."²¹

Gibson Hill and his family continued to live at the school site in Fredonia after the school was moved to LaFayette. Local tradition is that the Southern Military Academy moved from Fredonia to Auburn and was the beginning of Auburn University, however, no evidence could be found to substantiate this to be factual. Simeon Yancy started a boarding school for boys and girls in the town of Auburn in 1838. In 1856 the Yancy school had two flourishing offshoots - W.F. Slaton's Male Academy and the Auburn Masonic Female College. East Alabama Male College, a Methodist institution, was incorporated in 1856 and opened in 1859. The former Slaton's Academy became the preparatory division of the school. The college closed its doors in 1861 but reopened in 1866. In 1872 it became a public land grant college, The Agricultural and Mechanical College of Alabama, which was in fact the forerunner of Auburn University.²²

Incorporation

The Alabama Code of 1853 made it possible for a town to be incorporated if it included at least 100 inhabitants.³ On September 21, 1853 the 36 citizens listed below petitioned the county court for permission to incorporate Fredonia, with the town boundaries to be one and a half miles each way from the main cross road.

Andrews, I.W.	Hamner, Samuel	Pare, James T.
Armstrong, N.W.	Handley, C.E.	Quirk, A.
Brown, Mastren	Higgins, W.W.	Ray, D.G.
Coper, J.W.	Hill, G.F.	Robinson, Jas L.
Darden, W.C.	Holloway, W.F.	Rowland, Peter M.
Edwards, M.	Hurst, H.E.	Samuels, Thos A.
Finley, A.H.	Hurst, John L.	Samuels, M.A.
Foster, B.J.F.	Hurst, Wm R.	Scott, F.M.
Foster, William	Mays, Jesse	Tankersley, Wm B.
Gilbert, A.	McClendon, Wiley	Walker, M.T.
Hamner, L.P.	McCoy, D.H.	Zachry, A.F.
	McKenney, Joseph	

The petition was granted and on September 29, 1853 an election was held with 30 votes in favor of incorporation and 2 votes opposed. Those voting in the election are listed below.

Andrews, Isham	Higgins, Wm W.	Peare, James T.
Brown, Mastin	Hill, Gibson F.	Ray, Daniel G.
Cann, Charles T.	Hurst, Henry E.	Robinson, Jas L.
Cox, Benjamin F.	Hurst, John A.	Rowland, Peter M.
Edwards, M.	Hurst, John L.	Samuel, Musco A.
Gilbert, Alex M.	Hurst, Wm R.	Samuel, Thos A.
Gunn, James M.	Mays, Jesse	Saterwhite, Edwin
Hamner, Lovie P.	McClendon, Wiley	Scott, Henry M.
Hamner, Samuel	McKinney, Eli	Tankersley, Wm
Handley, Chas E.	Parks, Andrew J.	Walker, M.T.
Higgins, James M.		Zachry, Alfred L.

As a result of the election, the town was duly certified as being incorporated effective September 29, 1853.³ Fredonia is no longer incorporated, however, no record has been found as to when the incorporation was rescinded.

War Between the States¹²

Many descendants of the early settlers joined the Confederate Army and fought for the South.

The 14th Alabama Infantry Regiment included four companies from Chambers County with many from the Fredonia area. This regiment was organized at Auburn in 1861, served in the Army of Virginia, and took part in many of the bloodiest battles of the war. Of the 1317 men on its rolls, over 250 perished in battle, 350 died in the service, and 159 were discharged or transferred. Solon Smartt from Fredonia was a private in Company C and was killed in the Battle of Sharpsburg. Marshall B. Hurst, also from Fredonia and the Chief Musician of Company C (Cusseta Greys), was wounded in battle and later wrote a history of the 14th Alabama.

Captain Alfred F. Zachry organized Company F of the 61st Alabama Infantry Regiment and served as its first Captain. He was wounded at Spottsylvania Courthouse, Virginia on May 18, 1864. His

left arm was amputated at the shoulder and after hospitalization to recover he resigned. While Captain Zachry was away, a Union Cavalry detachment raided his plantation and took his horses, leaving in their stead old broken down horses.

Captain Peter M. Rowland first served in the 14th Alabama attached to Faulkner's brigade. He was later commissioned a Captain and went home and made up a company from Chambers County. This company became Company A of the 10th Confederate Cavalry and became a part of Hillard's Legion.

Wiley McClendon, a merchant in Fredonia and later in Bluffton, fought in the Battle of West Point on April 16, 1865. He was 47 years old at the time and was one of the 15 civilians who fought for the South in this battle.

Captain John Smith, half brother of W.O. Heath, gave his life for his country, and his remains were returned to lie next to the grave of his father in the Methodist Cemetery.¹⁵

Those mentioned above are just a few of the many brave men who served from the Fredonia area. There was hardly a family in the area that did not lose one or more close relatives in the war.

After The War

During the war Fredonia lost many of its best young men, lost its wealth in Confederate money and Confederate bonds, and had its economy decimated. It took a lot of grit and determination to pick up the pieces and work to hold on to their property under the difficulties imposed by reconstruction but most of those families who were descended from the early settlers were able to do so.

In the period following the war there was a good deal of railroad building which reached the surrounding towns but unfortunately did not reach Fredonia. This caused a number of the merchants to relocate to nearby towns located on rail lines. This trend culminated in 1887 when the railroad reached Five Points which was less than five miles from Fredonia. Although the commercial section of Fredonia declined it continued to be a prosperous farming community for many years.

Appendix A
ORIGINAL PURCHASERS OF LAND¹¹
FREDONIA COMMUNITY WITHIN APPROX. 2 MILES OF MAIN CROSSROADS

SECTION INDIAN RESERVATION PURCHASER ACRES SALE DATE

Township 23 N, Range 27 E

1	Eli Berryhill	T. Reeves	320	7-29-1839
1	Wm Berryhill	James Weed	320	7/29/1839
2	Se-ho-yar	Wm Dougherty	320	7/31/1840
2		Henry Kellum	160	12/18/1834
2		Rcd W Corley	160	11/20/1834
11	Sci-ti-ye-ye (F)	Wm Dougherty	320	4/16/1840
11	Tar-ko-narf-kar (F)	Alb. Willingham	320	2/6/1845
12	Tick-i-yes-che (F)	Wm Dougherty	320	4/16/1840
12	Chock-se-po-he-ark	(not patented)	320	
13	Muscogee Doyle	John A. Hurst	321	7/29/1839
13	Ho-po-eatth-hadjo	James Maddux	321	1/24/1840
14	Pin-e-har	Erwin & Milton	321	11/25/1844
14	Nancy (F)	F.H. Trammell	321	7/29/1839
23	Tim-o-ky (F)	Ethan Stroud	319	5/1/1843
23	Se-ke-stee	Wm Dougherty	319	7/31/1840
24	Oki-he	Wm Dougherty	319	7/31/1840
24	See-tar-ne	Wm Dougherty	319	4/15/1843

Township 23 N, Range 28 E

5		Rbt Hammond	160	10/20/1838
5		Ab. S. Brooks	80	4/30/1836
5		Ab. T. Davis	80	10/20/1836
5		Reuben C. Estis	160	10/19/1838
5		Thos Flournoy	160	4/28/1836
6		Moses Ellison	160	5/9/1836
6		George Findley	160	4/27/1839
6		John F. Sharpe	160	4/18/1836
6		Hilary H. Argo	80	5/9/1836
6		R.H.J. Wardlow	80	5/7/1836
7	Creek orphans	Willis Silman	160	11/24/1840
7	Creek orphans	William Towns	160	1/25/1838
7	Creek orphans	LeRoy McCoy	160	11/6/1838
7	Creek orphans	Wiley Silman	160	11/24/1840
8	Creek orphans	F.B. Holloday	160	10/1/1839

8	Creek orphans	Jas. B. Moon	160	1/10/1839
8	Creek orphans	Chas McLemore	160	1/29/1839
8	Creel orphans	Chas McLemore	160	1/29/1839
17	Creek orphans	Clark Wilson	160	11/12/1838
17	Creek orphans	John Bean	160	10/1/1839
17	Creek orphans	Eli McKinney	160	12/22/1838
17	Creek orphans	Jesse Gunn Sr.	160	5/6/1840
18	Creek orphans	James Wauler	140	11/6/1838
18	Creek orphans	Wm Bledsoe	140	1/10/1839
18	Creek orphans	Wm W Carlisle	140	9/21/1838
18	Creek orphans	Wm Bledsoe	140	1/10/1839
19	Creek orphans	Wm Downs	160	1/25/1838
19	Creek orphans	Henry Dawson	160	5/2/1839
19	Creek orphans	Saml Dawster	160	11/24/1840
19	Creek orphans	Wm W Carlisle	160	9/21/1838
20	Creek orphans	Henry Dawson	160	5/2/1839
20	Creek orphans	Wm Griggs	160	5/6/1840
20	Creek orphans	Thos F. Nolan	160	4/27/1838
20	Creek orphans	Wm Griggs	160	5/6/1840



Appendix B
Heads of Families in Fredonia Area in 1840*

Abney, James	Brandon, James	Crawford, Farr
Adams, Caleb	Broadnax, Catherine	Crowder, Daniel G.
Adams, Franklin	Bromelow, E.J.	Crowder, Garret
Adams, James	Brooks, William	Crowder, Mary
Adams, John	Brown, Benjamin	Culpeper, John J.
Adams, Joshua	Brown, Leroy	Curry, Robert H.
Allen, Robert	Brown, Samuel E.	Daniel, Matilda H.
Amos, Casper M.	Brown, Tarleton	Dantford, James
Anderson, Jas W.	Brown, William J.	Darden, James H.
Andrews, Alice	Buckhanon, Rich'd	Davis, Absalom T.
Ansley, Gilbert D.	Burney, Darious	Dean, Sarah
Ansley, Gilbert, Sr.	Butts, Catherine	Deese, Alexander
Argo, Hillery H.	Candler, John K.	Deuness, Emmory
Atkinson, William	Capeheart, John	Dickson, Hampton
Avery, Elias H.	Cardwell, Ansel	Dickson, Josiah
Baber, Nathaniel	Cargill, William H.	Doggen, John S.
Banks, Joseph	Carlile, Elizabeth	Driver, Leroy
Barber, James	Carlile, Green W.	Duggan, Edmund
Barber, John	Carlile, James. W.	Dunn, Drury
Barber, Nath'l C.	Carmical, Harriet	Dupoister, Lewis
Barrow, Josephus	Carr, Burrel L.	Durham, Josiah
Barrow, Thomas	Cason, Edward J.	Estes, Robert C.
Bartley, Fanny	Chisolm, Fortunatus	Evins, Jesse
Belcher, Mathew	Chisolm, William A.	Ewing, John
Bennet, William	Christian, Thomas	Fann, Andrew J.
Berry, Thomas	Clanahan, Robert	Fannington, John
Bess, Thomas	Clement, Wiley	Farrer, Stephen D.
Bilbro, Mary	Cobb, Christiana	Faukner, Wilson
Bird, Burrel	Cofield, Thomas	Fears, Samuel
Blair, John	Coggins, Acey	Ferrell, William
Bledsoe, Bud	Coggins, Milley	Fielder, James H.
Bledsoe, William	Cohran, John	Findley, George
Bohannon, Agness	Coleman, Nancy	Findley, Robert
Bohannon, Levi C.	Cook, Thomas A.	Finely, Augustus H.
Boling, Jarret	Cook, Thomas S.	Finely, Elizabeth
Bonner, Benjamin	Copeland, Simeon	Flournoy, Thos G.
Bonner, Josiah M.	Copeland, Thomas	Foster, John
Boon, Joseph W.	Corprew, James	Foster, William
Boring, David	Cotton, James	Fowler, John C.
Bowen, John	Cox, William E.	Franklin, William

Freany, John M.	Harris, Tabitha	Jeter, Richard C.
Fuller, William	Harrist, Thomas M.	Jeter, Richard
Gambrell, Margaret	Harrist, Wesley	Johnson, Butler C.
Garretson, C.H.	Harwell, Jackson W.	Johnson, Francis
Garrett, Miles	Harwell, Samuel B.	Johnson, John P.
Gates, Frederick	Head, Richard B.	Johnson, Martin
Goggins, Isaac	Handerson, Richard	Johnson, Robert
Goldman, William	Hicks, Amos	Johnson, William
Gordon, Richard J.	Hill, Wade	Johnson, William
Grady, Alfred T.	Holland, Erastus	Johnson, Willis S.
Grady, John	Holliday, Daniel	Johnston, Thomas
Grady, Nathaniel	Holliday, Fague B.	Johnston, Wilis T.
Grady, Wm J.	Holliday, Laticea	Jones, Hardy
Gray, Margaret	Holliday, Wm. H.	Jones, Pleasant S.
Gray, Roberson	Hollis, Isaac K.	Jones, Thomas
Gray, Thompson P.	Hollis, Nath. T.	Jones, Willis
Gray, William A.	Holman, Matilda	Jourdan, John L.
Green, Joseph H.	Holsey, Benjamin	Kellum, Willis
Gregory, David W.	Holsten, Lorenzo	Kemp, Richard
Gregory, John W.	Holstun, Stanmore	Kinsay, Jessee
Gresham, Felix	Holstun, William	Knight, John F.
Grifith, Joel	Hood, Bryant	Knox, William B.
Grisham, Young Q.	Hood, Green	Langley, James
Gross, Benajah	Hood, Jared	Law, James R.
Gunn, Jesse	Hood, Stephen W.	Lawrence, Shwd.
Hackney, James B.	Hostick, Charles H.	Lawrence, Wm S.
Hagood, James	Hotzlaw, Silas	Lee, Chas S.
Hall, Caleb	Houze, Isham T.	Lee, Demericus
Halsey, William	Houze, James	Lee, Edwin
Hammock, John	Howard, Henry	Lee, Wm S.
Hammock, Thomas	Howard, John	Lee, Wm
Hammock, William	Howell, Isaac	Lindsey, Rbt
Hammond, Joel	Howell, Wiley	Lumpkin, Pitman M.
Hammond, Robert	Hudman, Ganet	Lyle, Wm A.
Hancock, Joseph	Hughey, Ephraigm	Mangrum, John
Hand, Seaborn	Humphries, Amos	Marcy, Wm
Haney, Brittian	Ingham, Jane	Marshall, John
Hanson, George W.	Jacks, Young	Martin, David
Harrel, Thomas J.	Jackson, Hedens	Martin, Samuel
Harris, Charles	Jacobs, benjamin	Maxey, Edward K.
Harris, Charles	James, Cardwell	McCain, Thos M.T.
Harris, Littleberry	James, John	McClain, John
Harris, Micajah	Jeter, Archilaus G.	McClelland, Foggy

McCoy, Daniel
 McCoy, Daniel H.
 McCoy, Leroy
 McDonald, Soneth
 McGrimmer, John
 McKee, James
 McKerley, David
 McKerley, David
 McKerley, Wm
 McKey, John A.
 McKinley, Handy
 McKinney, Eli
 McPherson, Wm
 McWhorter, Isaac
 Meadows, Wash.
 Medley, Madison
 Merrit, James A.
 Merser, Stephen
 Milam, Dudley
 Millagan, Hue
 Miller, Wm R.
 Mitchell, Joel
 Mitchel, Joel
 Mobley, Eldridge H.
 Moody, Albion
 Moore, George
 Moore, Gandford W.
 Morgan, Wm C.
 Morman, Silas
 Murphy, John
 Musick, Austin
 Neighbors, Wm
 Newell, Wm P.
 Newman, Lemuel
 Nichols, Wm
 Nolen, Hiram
 Nolen, Isaac
 Nolen, James
 Nolen, Stephen
 Nolen, Stephen
 Nolen, Wm
 Norris, L.M.
 Norris, Needham

Nunn, George
 O'Hara, Allen
 O'Hara, Frederick
 Osley, John Y.
 Parker, John C.
 Parker, John
 Patterson, David
 Patterson, James
 Patterson, James
 Porter, Peter B.
 Powell, Chris. W.
 Powers, Edmund
 Powers, Larkin H.
 Prescott, Henry
 Prothro, Anna
 Putnam, James M.
 Quattlebum, James
 Ramsay, Jacob
 Ramsay, Henry
 Rea, Elisa
 Rea, Susanna
 Read, Robert M.
 Reeves, Jesse
 Rhea, William
 Rice, James
 Richards, Wm
 Roberson, Isaac W.
 Roberson, James
 Roberson, James
 Roberson, Nipper
 Roberson, Thomas
 Robinson, Thomas
 Robison, Jesse B.
 Robison, Jessee
 Rodgers, Robert
 Roundtree, Cader
 Roundtree, Frances
 Roundtree, John
 Rutland, James
 Rutland, Watson
 Sampson, Wilson
 Samuels, William A.
 Satterwhite, A.

Satterwhite, David
 Saxon, Archilaus
 Scott, David
 Scott, James
 Shackelford, Collen
 Sharp, John F.
 Shaw, William
 Shepard, John T.
 Sherrard, James
 Short, Jesse
 Short, Reuben
 Sikes, Jacob
 Simington, Felix
 Simington, Thomas
 Slaughter, L.C.
 Smart, George W.
 Smith, Charles
 Smith, Jackson
 Smith, John W.
 Smith, Moses A.
 Smith, Nancy
 Smith, Thomas J.
 Smith, Thomas
 Smith, William
 Smith, William
 Smith, William B.
 Smith, William H.
 Spears, Willis
 Spikes, William
 Stalnaker, Benjamin
 Staples, Wm N.
 Stephens, Isaac
 Stephens, John C.
 Stephens, Reuben
 Still, Elizabeth
 Stoker, Allen
 Stroder, Aaron
 Strong, David E.
 Strother, Aaron, Jr.
 Strother, Berry
 Strother, Marton
 Swan, Goerge
 Sweeney, Jetham

Tapley, Winsford
 Tate, Harrison
 Taylor, Benjamin F.
 Taylor, Franklin
 Taylor, Jesse
 Taylor, Thomas
 Taylor, William L.
 Thaxton, William
 Thomas, Hincer
 Thomaston, Thos L.
 Thompson, James
 Thompson, Samuel
 Thompson, Wm P.
 Thornton, Jourdan
 Thornton, Thos A.
 Thornton, Wm A.
 Thrash, Voluntian
 Thurman, Phillip
 Todd, William
 Tollison, David
 Towles, Toliver
 Trammell, Farr H.
 Trammell, John Y.

Trammell, John
 Trammell, Mary
 Trammell, Pulaskis
 Trixley, Henry
 Turner, Claiborn A.
 Turner, Samuel
 Tyson, Hincer P.
 Ussery, Malachiah
 Vickers, Ferdinand
 Vincent, John
 Walker, Beverly
 Walton, Manning
 Ward, Abner
 Ward, James S.
 Ward, James D.S.
 Ward, Pascal E.
 Ward, Richard M.
 Ward, Solomon
 Ward, William
 Wardlaw, Robert H.
 Warren, Reuben
 Watson, John
 Weathers, Claiborn

Webb, Elijah
 Webb, James
 Welch, John
 Welden, Andrew
 Welden, Moses
 Westmoreland, H.
 Whatley, Elizabeth
 Wheeler, Booling
 Wicker, John A.
 Wilder, Jarret
 Wilkins, James
 Williams, John
 Williams, Stephen
 Williamson, Andrew
 Williamson, Micager
 Willingham, Albion
 Willingham, Shesnee
 Willis, Naham
 Wimbush, Charles E.
 Wright, David
 Youngblood, Jacob
 Youngblood, William

Appendix C
Heads of Families in the Fredonia Area, 1850*

Abbot, Thomas	Brand, John	Cook, Wm	Ferrer, Asa	Halsey, Lewis	Hughey, W.W.
Adams, James M.	Brock, James L.	Copeland, A.F.	Fincher, Tarply	Hamlin, James	Humphries, Alfred
Adams, Joshua	Brombaloo, Green	Copelin, Simeon	Findly, Augustus H.	Hamlin, Jethro	Humphries, John R.
Adkins, John	Brooks, James	Costley, Warrington	Finely, A.B.	Hammock, John	Humphries, Stephen
Allen, Green B.	Brown, Calton	Cotton, James J.	Forrester, George	Hammock, Lance	Humphry, Louiza
Allen, Henderson	Brown, Elzy	Cox, Asa	Foster, Margaret	Hammond, Aug.	Hunt, John L.
Allen, William	Brown, Jacob	Cox, Elizabeth	Foster, P.S.	Hammond, Eliz.	Hunt, Richard
Andrews, Jas W.	Brown, Samuel	Cox, Hugh H.	Foster, Shepherd	Hand, Archibald	Hurst, John
Angelin, Colton G.	Brown, Samuel	Crane, A.M.	Foster, William	Hand, Seaborn	Ingram, William
Arnett, Edmund	Brown, William J.	Crawford, David	Fountain, John S.	Harmon, Wilson	Jackson, Edmund
Arnett, Jesse	Buckalew, W.W.	Crawford, Elizabeth	Fraser, Alexander	Harris, Benjamin	Jacobs, Benjamin
Askew, R.L.	Burton, Elizabeth	Crock, Jeremiah	Fryer, Jeremiah	Harris, Daniel	Jacobs, Benjamin
Atcherson, Jesse	Bussy, Joshua	Crowder, Daniel	Fuller, James	Harris, John	Jarman, Emery
Baber, Susan	Bussy, Samuel	Crowder, Garrett	Fuller, William	Harris, Mary	Jenkins, Green B.
Baggett, Thomas	Capehart, John H.	Crowder, Joseph	Fuller, William	Harris, Thos M.	Jeter, A.B.(V.)
Bailey, Jeremiah	Cardwell, James	Culp, Michael	Garret, W.F.	Harris, Thos, Sr.	Jeter, Richard
Baily, Francis	Cardwell, John	Culpepper, John	Garrett, Wesley M.	Harris, W.H.	Johnson, G.T.
Barber, James	Carlisle, Thos W.	Culpepper, Robert	Garrett, Wright	Hays, Jackson	Johnson, Robert
Barber, Nathaniel	Cartledge, Randy	Cumberland, Jacob	Gay, James	Heath, James	Johnson, Samuel
Barker, E.W.	Cason, Edward	Cunningham, Drury	Gibbs, G.C.	Hicks, John	Johnson, Thomas
Barker, Jas P.	Chappel, Henry	Darden, James	Gilmore, Humphry	Higgins, John	Johnson, William A.
Barnes, Josephus	Childs, Thomas	Dean, John	Gilmore, James	Higgins, Wm H.	Johnson, Wm, Jr.
Barrett, Wesley	Chisolm, Fortune	Dean, W.H.	Gilmore, Wylie	Hill, Gibson F.	Johnson, Wm, Sr.
Barton, Enoch	Clanahan, William	Devaughn, James	Glasgo, James	Hines, James	Johnson, Willis
Bates, Tinsly	Clark, Henry W.	Dickson, Wm	Glasgo, John	Holifield, Thos	Johnson, Willis
Baxter, Henry	Clark, Wm T.	Dixon, Hampton	Glaze, John	Holladay, Daniel	Jones, Hardy
Beall, William	Clay, Peirce	Donham, Mary P.	Gorden, Frances	Holladay, F.B.	Kemp, Richard
Beard, George	Clemmons, W.W.	Dozier, Preston	Gordon, Richmond	Holladay, Samuel	Kennedy, Lorenzo
Beaty, James	Cochran, E.	Drinkard, Smith	Grady, Elizabeth	Holladay, Wm	Kitchens, Henry
Bennett, Mary	Cochran, Eliza	Eady, John	Grady, James M.	Hollis, Isaac	Knight, John F.
Berry, Middleton	Cofield, R.E.	Eberhart, Medley	Grady, W.J.	Holsten, Dolly	Lamaster, Ralf
Bilbro, John	Cogburn, Julius	Emery, George	Graham, Thomas	Holsten, Lorenzo	Lambert, Thomas
Bishop, William	Coleman, David	Estes, Reuben C.	Green, Edmund	Holston, Stanmore	Lancaster, John
Blair, Adam	Coleman, Nancy	Ethridge, Park	Green, John B.	Holtzclaw, Silas	Lane, Rebecca
Blakely, A.J.	Collier, Isaac P.	Farrar, Stephen D.	Griffin, Susannah	Hood, Bryant	Langly, James
Bohannon, L.C.	Collier, Vines H.	Farris, John	Griffin, Willingham	Hood, Green	Larch, Willis
Bonds, Richard	Collier, Wm V.	Fears, Samuel	Grimmett, William	Hood, James	Laseter, John
Bonner, Jonathan	Compton, Jesse	Fears, Seaborn	Gross, William H.	Hood, Stephen	Laseter, Lemuel
Bonner, Joseph	Cone, Robert	Ferrell, John	Guinn, John Gunn,	Hoodley, Charles	Lasseter, Perry
Bowen, John	Cook, Phillips		James M.	Howel, James	Lawrence, James
			Gunn, Jesse	Howle, Henry	Lawrence, Wm
			Gunn, John M.	Howell, Wiley	Lazenby, John
			Hall, Caleb	Hudson, Cicero D.	Lee, Boykin

Lee, Charles
 Lee, Ephraim
 Lee, Jonathan
 Lee, William
 Leris, Allen
 Lindsey, Matilda
 Little, Gray
 Littlefield, Wm
 Longshore, Levi
 Love, Alfred M.
 Love, James
 Love, Samuel
 Lundy, Hezekiah
 Lyons, William
 Magby, John
 Magby, William
 Marsh, William
 Martin, Saml B.
 Martin Sherrod W.
 Mason, A.G.A.
 May, Madison
 May, Nathaniel
 May, Seaborn
 McClain, E.C.
 McClain, Horace
 McClendon, J.W.
 McClendon, Wiley
 McCoy, Daniel H.
 McCoy, Leroy
 McCoy, Neely
 McClown, Jeremiah
 McIntosh, D.C.
 McKarley, David
 McKeerly, David
 McKeerly, Elias
 McKenny, Eli
 McKinney, Harris
 McKnight, Charles
 McKnight, Rolin
 McMichael, Elihu
 McNeely, Wm
 McPherson, Benj
 McPherson, Wm

McRee, Robert
 Meachum, William
 Milford, P.P.
 Miller, Pleasant
 Miller, Wm
 Miller, Wm H.
 Mitchell, Reuben
 Mitchell, Robert
 Mitchell, Willis C.
 Mobley, Elizabeth
 Moon, David S.
 Moon, Jesse
 Moore, Marcus
 Moore, Patrick
 Morton, Louiza
 Mosley, Jesse
 Mulkie, W.G.
 Music, Joseph
 Nash, Wesley
 Nichols, Thos J.
 Nichols, Wm
 Nolen, Isaac
 Nolen, John
 Nolen, Stephen
 Nolin, James
 Norman, Thomas
 Nunn, Fanny
 Nutt, Aml A.
 O'Neal, Wm
 Oliver, Augustus
 Osburn, Rolin
 Osly, John Y.
 Page, Wm S.
 Parker, Ephraim
 Parker, John
 Parker, Littlebery
 Patterson, David
 Patterson, Frank
 Peacock, Riley
 Pearson, Sml
 Philips, Robert
 Phillips, Wylie
 Pierce, James

Proter, Wm
 Prothro, Emory
 Pruitt, Henry
 Rainey, Thomas
 Rampey, Robert
 Randal, John
 Randle, James
 Ray, Daniel
 Ray, John T.
 Ray, Mahala
 Reed, Robert
 Rice, James
 Rice, John
 Rice, Rufus
 Robinson, Abel A.
 Robinson, James
 Robinson, Luke
 Robinson, Thomas
 Robinson, Wm
 Rogers, Charlotte
 Rogers, J.C.
 Roundtree, Robert
 Rowland, Peter
 Russel, Wm
 Rutland, Blake
 Rutland, James
 Rutland, Watson
 Rutledge, Elizabeth
 Samuels, M.A.
 Samuels, Wm
 Scott, James
 Scott, James, Jr.
 Scott, Jeremiah
 Segler, Matthew
 Sellers, Joseph
 Shaw, George
 Shaw, Henry
 Shepherd, John J.
 Sherrod, W.D.
 Sherrod, Wm
 Simonton, Thos
 Skinner, David
 Slay, Moses

Slay, T.W.
 Smart, George
 Smart, Osborn
 Smith, Bird
 Smith, Elijah
 Smith, H.H.
 Smith, James
 Smith, John
 Smith, John W.
 Smith, Lenora
 Smith, Narcissa
 Smith, Washington
 Smith, William
 Speights, Thomas
 Spikes, William
 Stamps, Jno. S.
 Stanly, Nancy
 Stephens, Frank
 Stephens, Isaac
 Stephens, John
 Stephens, William
 Stewart, James
 Stilwell, Abner
 Stoker, H.F.
 Strickland, James P.
 Sutley, Alfred H.
 Swint, Frederick
 Swint, John
 Swint, Joseph

Swint, William
 Tankersly, Wm B.
 Tapley, Frank
 Tapley William
 Tate, Jasper
 Taylor, Solomon
 Terry, William
 Thompson, Jas J.
 Thrash, Voluntine
 Tinsley, S.P.
 Todd, Henry W.
 Tomlinson, Jas B.
 Towler, Tolliver
 Trammel, J.D.
 Trammell, Farr H.
 Trammell, John
 Trammell, Pulaski J.
 Trammell, Thomas
 Trammell, Willis
 Trexer, Henry W.
 Trotter, Ransom
 Tucker, Alexander
 Tucker, Floyd
 Turly, James
 Ussery, Wiley
 Vaughn, Samuel D.
 Veasy, Francis A.
 Veasy, John A.
 Veasey, Mary

Walker, Beverly
 Walker, Merewether
 Walker, W.W.
 Waller, Elbert
 Walton, Manring
 Ward, John
 Ward, Paschal E.
 Ward, Richard
 Ward, Solomon
 Ward, William
 Watts, Joseph
 Welch, John
 Whatley, John
 Whatley, Wiatt H.
 Whestly, Jesse
 Whitlow, James H.
 Whitlow, John
 Wiggins, Elijah
 Wiggins, Jesse
 Wilder, Garrot
 Wildon, Moses
 Wilkerson, Geo W.
 Williams, Chas H.
 Williams, Harriet
 Williams, John
 Wilton, James
 Wimbush, John M.
 Worthy, Jane
 Wright, David

Appendix D
Heads of Families in Fredonia Area in 1860*

Abner, George H.	Cox, Margaret	Hamner(?),
Adams, Joel G.	Cox, Sameul A.	Samuel
Adams, Joshua	Cox, T.J.	Hand, Seaborn
Adams, William A.	Cox(?), Betty	Hanson, Jas M.
Allen, Nancy A.	Crane, A.M.	Harris, James
Allen, W.F.(?)	Crooks, Jeremiah	Hart(?), James M.
Andrews, J.W.	Culbertson, Brown	Haygood, Gideon
Angling, Catlin G.	Davis, Margaret	Hays, Thomas J.
Angling, John G.	Davis, Nathan	Heath, James
Angling(?), John	Day, Thomas	Heath, Wm B.
Appleby, T.L.	Dearing, John C.	Hester, James M.
Askew, B.F.	Dickson, Hampton	Hill, Ezekiel
Askew, Richard L.	Dixon(?), Benj.	Hill, G.F.
Bailey, Jeremiah	Donham(?), Mary	Hines, James H.
Bankston, John G.	Eberhardt, John	Holgood(?), H.H.
Bennett, Seaborn	Emery, G.S.	Holliday, F.B.
Berry, James T.	Eppes, Frank	Hollis, Elijah V.
Blair, James	Farley, LaFayette	Hollis, Isaac K.
Bonner, Oliver H.	Fears, Algernon	Hoodley, C.E.
Boyd, William	Fears, Samuel	House, Thornton
Bradshaw, Mahala	Ferrell, C.E.	Howell, James
Brock, James L.	Finley, Augustus	Howell, Rebecca
Brown, Leroy	Finley, Elizabeth	Humphries, Louisa
Brown, Samuel H.	Finley, Wm P.	Humphries, Steph.
Brown, William J.	Foster, Benjamin	Hundon(?),
Capehart, Jas M.	Frazer, Daniel	G.W.H.
Cardwell(?), John	Fuller, James	Hurst, John A.
Carlisle, Thos C.	Fuller, William	Johnson, Wm A.
Chisolm, F.N.(?)	Fuller, William F.	Johnson, Willis
Clements, Wiley	Fuquia(?), Jas T.	Johnston, William
Cochran, G.G.	Gay, John G.	Johnston, William
Cohron(?), John	Grady, Elizabeth	Jordan, John N.
Cole, Jesse	Grady, James M.	Lambert, ELijah
Coleman, David R.	Grady Wm J.	Langley(?), Wm
Coleman, Nancy	Graham, Jesse H.	Lawrence, Wm S.
Cone, Robert R.	Grimmett, Wm M.	Lee, Elijah
Cooper, Charles J.	Gun, James M.	Lee, William
Cooper, J.W.	Hall, Caleb	Letson(?), Geo J.
Copeland, A.F.	Hall, Loyd J.	Magnan, C.A.
Cox, B.F.	Hammond, N.G.	Magnan, John

Marsh, William	Pate, Sarah L.	Swint, John
Mason, G.C.	Patterson, Wm	Swint, Wm R.
McCormack, Rbt	Penn, Abner J.	Tarver, Frances
McCray, John L.	Pepper, A.J.	Taylor, James M.
McGhee(?), Geo H	Perry, James O.	Taylor, Thomas J.
McIntire, M.E.	Pharr, Jeremiah	Taylor, William L.
McKinney, Jos T.	Phillips, James R.	<u>Trammell, A.D.</u> <i>Di</i>
McKinny, Sarah	Phillips, John D.	<u>Trammell, Downs</u>
McKnight, Brewer	Pinkard, F.A.	<u>Trammell, F.H.</u>
McKnight, R.R.	Pitts, F.M.	<u>Trammell, Farr H.</u> <i>Di</i>
McKnight, Susana	Prince, William	<u>Trammell, T.B.</u>
Middlebrooks, A.T	Rampey, Jacob	<u>Trammell, Warren</u> <i>R</i>
Miller, Wm A.(?)	Ray, Daniel(?)	Turner, Asbury W.
Mitchell, John	Ray, Mahala	Turner, Mary A.(?)
Moore, B.B.	Richmond, R.W.	Turner, Robert
Moore, Mark	Roberts, Clayton	Veasey, John A.
Moore, Rbt J.	Robinson, Jas L.	Walker, Julia
Morgan, Jas J.	Robinson, John H.	Walker, Willis(?)
Morris, Henry S.	Rowland, P.M.	Waller, Elbert
Morton, Louisa	Russell, Jacob	Waller, L.T.
Newell, Thomas	Rutland, Blake	Ward, Solomon
Newman, Samuel	Seagraves, Henry	Wells(?), Wm D.
Nichols, William	Sherrod, Wm D.	Wester, Benjamin
Nolen, James	Smart, George W.	Wheelis, Talitha
Nolen, John	Smith, David S.	Williams, Chas H.
Nolen, Reuben	Smith, Elijah	Williams, W.H.
Nolen, William	Smith, John W.	Willingham, Wm
Norris, Loftin A.	Spikes, William	Wilson, Jane
Nunn, N.C.	Stevens, William	Wilson, Wm L.
Page, Frank	Still, S.Y.(?)	Wimbush, John
Page, James M.	Strickland, Jas P	Wimbush, Wm
Page, W.S.	Swint, A.J.	Woodyard, Felix
Page, William F.	Swint, Frederick	Zachry, Alfred F.

* These lists are based on census, church and deed records. They cover all that area within approximately four miles from the main crossroad in Fredonia.

Acknowledgements

The author is indebted to Bradford E. Blair, Jr., a descendent of two of the earliest families who settled Fredonia, for generously sharing the information that he has collected over many years. Also, for identifying heads of families in the Fredonia area from church, deed and land records and for proofreading the manuscript. His continuous interest and encouragement has been invaluable. Much of the information that originally came from early Chambers County records was gleaned from Bobby Lindsey's *The Reason For The Tears*. Mr. Lindsey did a tremendous job in researching and recording the information in his book. The author is grateful to Miriam Ann Syler for making available all of the information on Fredonia that is held in the Cobb Archives.

Bibliography

1. Walter B. Wood, "Reminiscences of LaFayette and Chambers County", (Series of articles in the *LaFayette Sun*)
2. Evan G. Richards, "Reminiscences of Early Days in Chambers County, Alabama", *Alabama Historical Quarterly*, Fall Issue 1942 (published by Court of County Commissioners)
3. Bobby L. Lindsey, *The Reason For The Tears - A History Of Chambers County, Alabama, 1832 - 1900*.
4. U.S. Census, Chambers County, Alabama, 1840 - 1860.
5. Eleanor Scott, family letters.
6. *Lest We Forget*, Chambers County Retired Teachers Association, August, 1979.
7. Mark E. Fretwell, *This So Remote Frontier - The Chattahoochee Country of Alabama and Georgia*, Historic Chattahoochee Commission, 1980.
8. George R. Stewart, *American Place Names*, Oxford university Press, 1970.
9. Georgia Baptist Convention Minutes, 1992, Macon, GA.
10. David M. Hall, *Once Upon A Time - A History of the Emory Chapel Community*.
11. Ruth Royal Crump, *Chambers County, Alabama, Tract Book*, Genealogical Roving Press, Huguley, AL.
12. Carl Summers, Jr., *Confederate Soldiers of Chambers County, Alabama, and Thereabouts*, Chattahoochee Valley Historical Society Publication No. 16, 1993.
13. *Fredonia Methodist Church - A Sesquicentennial Celebration, May 15, 1983*.

14. *New Hope Missionary Baptist Church, 1833 - 1983*. Compiled by Sesquicentennial Committee: Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Blair, Jr. and Mr. and Mrs. J.W. Taylor.
15. Mrs. W.O. Heath, *History of the First Settlement of Fredonia, Chambers County, Alabama*, unpublished manuscript.
16. Eunice Hester Turnham, *Deserted Villages*, a dissertation submitted to the graduate faculty in candidacy for the degree of Master of Science, Department of History, Auburn university, January 1933.
17. Virginia Brannon Smith, *Columbus Ledger - Enquirer* articles, November 8-9, 1872 and November 23, 1889.
18. Carl Summers, Jr., family letters.
19. Minutes of the Union Primitive Baptist Church (Bradford Blair, Jr.)
20. *The S.W. Baptist, Tuskegee, Ala.*, October 9, 1856.
21. *A History of LaFayette*, unpublished manuscript at University of Alabama Archives, copied by Nell Orr in 1927.
22. Mickey Logue and Jack Simms, *Auburn, A Pictorial History Of The Loveliest Village*, 1981.

*Chronicles
of the*

*C*hattahoochee
*V*alley





Tracy (Hyl Will Barrow III) and his
sister Kay: Hodson at Cowpens
Battle field where their
grandfather along with
3 brothers were members of
Barrow's Regiment. 17 Jan 1781

Hyl Will Barrow III (Tracy) and
Kay: Hodson Barrow with their
grandfather at the Cowpens
Battle site (17 Jan, 1781) where
their (uncle's) grandfather
grandfather Thomas Trammell was
a member of Barrow's
S.C. Regiment -

Cowpens March - Fought
Jan 17, 1781.
Thomas Trammell + 3 brothers
were members of Col.
Thomas Barrow's Regiment.

Thomas Trammell served in
Col. Thomas Barrow's Regiment.
The March is at Battle
of Cowpens. S.C. Fought
Jan. 17, 1781.

CHAPTER 4

THE FAMILY OF FARR HARRIS TRAMMELL (15)

*Farr Harris was my
great-grandfather
Is buried in Methodist Church
Faulkner Cemetery (Ala) in me*

Farr Harris, the fifth child of Thomas and Mary (Turner) Trammell, was b. in Hancock (?) County, Ga., 23 June 1790, d. 2 April 1868 in Chambers County, Ala. He m. Sarah (called "Sallie") Haygood 13 Aug 1812 in Clarke County, Ga. Sallie was b. 17 Nov 1795 (d. 27 June 1868), the daughter of Benjamin J. Haygood, Rev. Soldier, and Mary (Stewart) Haygood. Benjamin Haygood was b. 30 June 1758 in N. C., and d. 4 June 1804 in Hall County, Ga. Mary Stewart was b. 25 Dec 1760 in N. C., and d. 20 Sept 1854 in Hall County, Ga. Both are buried in the old Marrs Hill Cemetery.

Benjamin and Mary (Stewart) Haygood had these children:

John B. Haygood, b. 18 Oct 1878, d. 10 Oct 1819. m. Mary Watkins.

Nancy Haygood, b. 2 Jan 1781, d. 10 Nov 1866. m. Rev John Thompson.

James Haygood, b. 28 May 1783, d. 30 June 1864. m. Sarah "Sallie" Stroud, daughter of Mark and Martha Strother (Thomson) Stroud. (See Chapter 3)

William Haygood, b. 28 Sept 1785, d. 30 July 1849. m. Mary "Polly" Stroud, sister of Sallie Stroud, who m. James Haygood. William and Polly had children: Nancy, b. 3 April 1809, d. 8 June 1892. m. Mr. Lacklier. Green B., b. 22 Jan 1811, d. 24 Dec 1862. m. Martha Ann Askew, and had six children: Atticus G. Haygood, who became a bishop in the M. E. Church, South; two children died early; William A. Haygood; Laura Haygood, who was a missionary to China and d. there; Myra Augusta Haygood. At the end of this chapter is some material written by Laura Haygood,* and books have been written about Bishop Atticus G. Haygood. Other children of Green B. Haygood were: Hardin, b. 28 Feb 1813, d. 26 Nov 1876; Aby, b. 18 March 1815, d. 18 Mar 1877; and Frances, b. 18 Aug 1817, d. 5 April 1901.

Elizabeth Haygood, b. 3 Dec 1788; d. 28 Sept 1874. m. Finley.

Sarah Haygood, b. 17 Nov 1795, d. 27 June 1868. m. Farr Harris Trammell.

Frances Haygood, b. 16 Jan 1792, d. 27 Nov 1883. m. Levi Stroud, brother of Mary and Sallie Stroud.

Benjamin Haygood, b. 18 April 1799, d. 17 Aug 1877. m. Mrs. Frances Johnson

(Jones County Records).

* Omitted to save space.

Farr Harris and Sallie (Haygood) Trammell lived for a time after their marriage in Clarke County; he was Justice of the Peace in Clarke County, Dist. 239 in 1813. He then went to Walton County, and was sheriff of Walton County on 1819-20. In 1820-22 he was a colonel in the Georgia Militia of Walton County, and thereafter was known as "Colonel". He was in Walton County for the census of 1820, and for the 1821 land lottery. In 1830 he was in Newton County, and was assistant Director of the Census for Newton County and signed the census forms as the certifying officer. In the 1830's, possibly as early as 1832, he left Newton County and moved to the new Chambers County, Ala., recently organized from Indian lands.

Farr Harris Trammell was a man of considerable wealth, and a descendant in Alabama told the writer that he "freed more slaves than any other man in Chambers County except Asa Cox". The Civil War and conditions following the war hit him hard and he was now an old and sick man. In 1867-68 his property went into bankruptcy. (See Chapter 10, letters 5, 6 and 7.)

Farr Harris and Sallie (Haygood) Trammell are buried at Fredonia, Chambers County, but the graves are marked only with plain native stones; there is no inscription. They had eight children:

- I. Pulaski Judge Trammell, b. 7 Feb 1814, d. 20 Oct 1901. m. Frances E. Cox. (See Chapter 5)
- II. Mary Trammell, b. 7 Aug 1816, d. 19 Oct 1847. m. John L. Jordan.
- III. Irena Trammell, b. 18 Feb 1819, d. 26 June 1854. m. Thos. B. Bilbro.
- IV. Appling Daniel Trammell, b. 25 Sept 1821, d. 1869. m. Margaret Stillwell.
- V. Farr Harris Trammell, Jr., b. 7 Oct 1825, d. 5 Nov 1895. m. Virginia Lee Stillwell.
- VI. Thomas Benjamin Trammell, b. 8 Nov 1828, d. m. Mrs. Nancy (Stillwell) Kellum.
- VII. Warren Putnam Trammell, b. 28 Jan 1832, d. 2 May 1896. m. Artemesia Miller.
- VIII. Lovzinski Wolfe Trammell, 28 Nov 1837, d. 12 Sept 1910. m. (1) Frances E. Goldsmith, (2) Catherine Cornelia Walton.

*I placed
markers
on their
grave sites in
1999
Jules*

sister

*I placed markers on the graves of
Farr Harris Trammell and his wife, Sarah
"Sallie" Haygood Trammell in 1999. I paid
for these markers myself. (Other Trammells
had an opportunity to participate but none did)
Lew, Jamie, Billie and Bonnie helped me place
them, Fredonia (Alabama - near Five Points) Methodist
Church Cemetery.⁹¹*

*my great-
grandfather
was an
m.d.*

THE FAMILY OF APPLING DANIEL TRAMMELL (154)

(The information on this family is taken from the manuscript of Appling Thomas Trammell, Jr., kindly given to me by his son, Donald S. Trammell of West Point, Georgia.)

IV. Dr. Appling Daniel Trammell, M.D., the fourth child of Farr Harris and Sarah (Haygood) Trammell, was born 25 Sept 1821, probably in Walton County, Georgia, since his father filed in the 1821 Land Lottery from Walton County, and was a colonel in the Georgia Militia, Walton Co., in 1820-1822. The family was in Newton County in 1830, and sometime between 1832 and 1837 the family moved again, this time to Chambers County, Ala. Appling Daniel Trammell married (21 May 1848) Margaret Elizabeth Stillwell, born 1826 and died 1889. Both are buried at the Fredonia, Ala., cemetery. (Three Trammell brothers married three Stillwell sisters.) There were eight children; all born in Chambers County, Ala.

- A. Millard Trammell, b. 11 June 1853, d. 6 March 1925. (1541)
- B. Ursula Trammell, b. 31 July 1855, d. 14 July 1930. (1542)
- C. John Robley Trammell, b. about 1858 (1880 census). (1543)
- D. Viola Trammell, b. 31 Aug 1860, d. 5 Feb 1940. (1544)
- E. Appling Thomas Trammell, b. 7 March 1862, d. 30 Jan 1933. (1545)
- F. Lewis J. Trammell, b. 23 Nov 1864, d. 6 Jan 1938. (1546)
- G. George Pendleton Trammell, b. 20 July 1868, d. 30 Aug 1947. (1547)
- H. Lee Pulaski Trammell, b. 10 April 1869, d. 1 Jan 1958. (1548)

The information available to me is given on the following pages.

- A. Millard Trammell, b. 11 June 1853, d. 6 Mar 1925. Buried at Real Town, Ala.
m. Florence Grady, b. 24 May 1858, d. 11 July 1907. Buried at Real Town.
They had ten children.
 - 1. Walter Trammell, b. about 1876 (1880 Census, Chamber Co., Ala).
m. (1) Minnie Meadows, (2) Mary Downing.
 - 2. Garry (Carrie?) Trammell, b. about 1878. m. Will Weldon
 - 3. Appling Daniel Trammell, m. Clyde Spratlen.
 - 4. Jessie Trammell, m. Jess Weldon
 - 5. Hubert (Hugh) Trammell, m. Kate Humphres
 - 6. Grady Trammell, m. Erin Downing
 - 7. Pauline Trammell, m. R. T. Golden
 - 8. Maggie Bess Trammell, m. Bud McClendon

9. Vesta Trammell, m. (1) Spratlen, (2) James T. Grace
10. Lula Trammell, m. Dennis Golden

B. Ursula Trammell, b. 31 July 1855, d. 14 July 1930. m. Lee Brown Grady, 28 Nov 1872. Lee B. Grady was born 11 May 1853, d. 4 May 1927. Both are buried at Five Points, Ala. Their children were:

1. Fanny Bell Grady, b. 24 Oct 1882, d. 11 Dec 1948. m. Sanford Day, 24 May 1899. He was born 3 Feb 1881, d. 25 May 1952. There was one child:
 - a. Sanford Olin Day, Jr., b. July 1916. m. Bernice Newman. There was one child:
 - 1) Barbara Newman Day.
2. Carrie Lee Grady, b. 20 Sept 1886, d. 12 Dec 1960. m. Idus Sands, 25 Dec 1904; m. (2) John Jordan, son of Adolphus Jordan (son of Mary Trammell and John Jordan). Carrie and Idus are buried in the Five Points, Ala., cemetery. There were no children by either marriage.
3. David Roy Grady, b. 11 Sept 1892. m. Angie Mae McClendon, 27 Dec 1916. There were no children.
4. John Morgan Grady, b. 24 March 1895. m. Itally Matthews, 1 June 1913. She was born 19 Feb 1896, d. 12 Feb 1957. They had five children:
 - a. Margaret Evelyn Grady, b. 23 Feb 1916, m. Climmie Gordon Smith 27 June 1936. There are two children:
 - 1) Ronald Grady Smith, b. 2 Mar 1943. m. Barbara S. Houton.
 - 2) Danial Gordon Smith, b. 16 Apr 1947. m. Angelia Rogers
 - b. John Willis Grady, b. 27 July 1917. m. Carol Stripling, 24 Nov 1940. She was born 9 Apr 1921. Children:
 - 1) Nancy Carol
 - 2) Angie Lee
 - c. Etta Ruth Grady, b. 5 Oct 1921. m. James Henry Gunn. Children are:
 - 1) Ruth Dianne
 - 2) James Henry
 - 3) Christopher Grady, b. 18 Apr 1959
 - d. Jackson Lee Grady, b. 6 June 1927. m. Jean Jones. Their children are:
 - 1) Laura Grady, b. Nov 6 1954
 - 2) Lee Grady, b. 12 July 1958
 - e. Frances Ann Grady., b. 8 June 1934. m. Edwin Leroy Miller. There is a child:
 - 1) Rebecca Ann Miller, b. 29 June 1961.

C. John Robley Trammell, m. (1) Sarah Trammell, daughter of Walter Putnam Trammell and a first cousin to Robley. Their Children were:

1. Herman Trammell
2. Mary Willie Trammell
3. Alfred Trammell
4. Gracie Trammell, m. Wilson.

Robley m. (2) Meriam Webster.

- D. Viola Trammell, b. 31 Aug 1860, d. 5 Feb 1940. m. Martin Benjamin Allen, 26 Dec 1881. Martin B. Allen was born 25 Nov 1857, d. 27 June 1936. Both are buried at Five Points, Ala. They had eight children:
1. Frank Allen, b. 3 March 1883. Died young and was buried at Fredonia.
 2. Ethel Irene Allen, b. 4 July 1885.
 3. Bessie Allen, b. 14 July 1887. She died young and was buried at Fredonia.
 4. Judge Douglas Allen, b. 1 June 1889.
 5. Bowman D. Allen, b. 18 May 1892, d. 20 Nov 1961. He is buried at Shawmut, Ala.
 6. Margaret E. Allen, b. 23 April 1896.
 7. Alma Lee Allen, b. 7 March 1899. m. Atticus Zachery Ramsey, 22 Jan 1918. They own the land that Mary Trammell bought when she first came to Ala.
 8. Vela Lemerle Allen, b. 23 March 1902. m. Sam Daniel.

- my grandparents* E. Appling Thomas Trammell, Sr., b. 7 March 1862, d. 30 Jan 1933. m. Lelia Augusta Johnson, 10 Feb 1889. She was born 15 June 1872, d. 16 Feb 1933. To quote from Appling Thomas Jr.: "Appling Thomas Trammell was eight years old when his father died so he didn't get to go to school much, but he helped his mother raise his younger brothers and cared for his mother as long as she lived. He then married Lelia Johnson. They raised eleven children and ten of them were living when their parents died. Papa and Mama lived on in his mother's home place and all eleven children were born there. The place is one mile south of Five Points, Ala., on the Ward's Mill road. The house is still standing. (1965)
- PA + MA Trammell*

"In 1917 Papa sold our home place at Five Points, Ala., and we moved to Bowdon, Carroll County, Ga. We moved our furniture on wagons and the family moved in a Model T Ford, one of the first. In 1927 we sold our farm at Bowdon, Ga., and moved back to Five Points, Ala., on the Lafayette highway less than one mile from Five Points.

"By 1933 all the children were married and away from home except the youngest daughter, Ruby. Mama had been sick for some time and one night Papa went to the doctor for some medicine for her and on his way back a car struck and killed him instantly. In just 16 days Mama died. They are buried in the Five Points Cemetery."

This is an obituary by the pastor of the Methodist Church at Five Points, Alabama:

The people of Five Points and surrounding communities were shocked and deeply grieved when just after night fall on January 30th the dismal news swiftly spread that Mr. A. T. Trammell had been hit and instantly killed by an automobile. He had been to get the family doctor to do something to relieve the intense suffering of his invalid wife, and being in a hurry to get back to her bedside, was walking down the highway when, in a few yards of his home, he was struck down by an automobile and hurled into eternity. Thus he fell at the post of duty, for it was a characteristic of his life, like the Christ, never to want to be ministered unto, but to minister, for his good wife had insisted that he not go on this errand.

"Of course this was a terrible shock to his sick companion, for this couple had lived together more than 48 years and were affectionately devoted to one another. She lived on rather unwillingly for 16 days longer, and then her released spirit winged its way into the unseen realm above to, we trust, unite with her departed husband in that home for the blessed where there are no heart wrenching separations.

"To the home of Mr. and Mrs. Trammell eleven children were born, ten of whom survive; seven daughters and three sons. The father and mother were very much devoted to their children, and the children loved and honored their parents. And the children as well as the in-laws ministered to Mother Trammell affectionately and faithfully during the 17 months of her last illness.

"To the children and to the in-laws, to all of whom Mr. and Mrs. Trammell were devoted, and to the four brothers and the sister of Mr. Trammell, and to the one brother of Mrs. Trammell, and to the many other relatives, a host of friends extend sincere sympathy and pray that the God of all comfort will graciously bless and comfort you in this sore bereavement.

This couple were both members of our Church. They were my warm personal friends, and I as well as a multitude of others shall greatly miss their going from our midst, but we shall only say "Goodnight" for we hope to greet them again with a cheery "Good morning" in a brighter world above." W. M. Treadway, Pastor.

This by a granddaughter, Rebecca Smartt Jordan:

"It would be beyond reason to express my feelings at a time like this, but I do want to do my very best.

"Realizing all the time that God was kind in relieving Ma and Pa of their earthly duties at almost the same time, we can not help feeling that an almost unbearable vacancy has come into our lives. In the many years of their married life nothing but sincere devotion existed between the two. It was through their undaunted love for ten children that the family has been kept closely together through these years. The departing of a child was the saddest event that ever came into the life of Pa and Ma.

"Twenty-one other grandchildren join me in saying that the happiest times of our lives have been spent at the house of Ma and Pa. They were not grandparents to us, they were Ma and Pa.

"Not having worldly goods to give to their children, they gave instead their life of service and their big hearts of love which we have found to be far more precious to us than anything else could have ever been. That great gift in the way of a blessing and an example is the one and only inheritance that every child and grandchild can carry with them through life.

"I speak of children with no mention of in-laws because the minute a person married into the family they immediately became "real children" in the hearts of Ma and Pa.

"The numbers of Ma's and Pa's loved ones were not limited to race or class. Few can have that said about them. These two were revered, respected, admired and loved by all who knew them.

"There is no limit to what I have in my heart to say. My daily prayer shall be ever this, "God help me to do my duty to love and serve like Ma and Pa".

Appling Thomas and Lelia (Johnson) Trammell had eleven children:

{ Mothers
+ Brothers
+ Sisters }

1. Helen Cleo Trammell, b. 10 March 1890. m. (1) Simeon Durwood Higgins, b. 28 June 1886, d. 28 May 1919. Their children were:
 - a. Hoyt Higgins, b. 6 Nov 1907, d. 28 Aug 1913. He and his father are buried in the Higgins cemetery in Chambers County, Ala.
 - b. Herschel Clarence Higgins, b. 6 Dec 1909. m. Gladys Pirkle. Their Children were:
 - 1) Frances Higgins
 - 2) Virginia Higgins, b. 31 March 1947.
 - c. William Bruce Higgins, b. 1 May 1912. m. Hope Lea Denton. Their children:
 - 1) Edith Marie Higgins, b. 27 July 1944.
 - 2) William Bruce Higgins, Jr., b. 1 May 1946.
 - d. Helen Loretta Higgins, b. 15 Dec 1914. m. Sherman Buckner, b. 5 Apr 1915.
 - 1) Brynda Buckner, b. 14 Apr 1940.
 - 2) Robert Bruce Buckner, b. 13 May 1942.
 - 3) Wayne Buckner, b. 11 May 1944.
 - e. Simeon Durward Higgins, b. 6 Oct 1916. m. Flo Their children:
 - 1) Simeon Durwood Higgins, III, b. 27 Jan 1942.
 - 2) Phoebe Higgins, b. Sept 1943, m. John Knight.
 - 3) Elaine Higgins, b. Sept 1946.
 - f. Cleo Belle Higgins, b. 17 March 1919. m. Brown Amburn. Children are:
 - 1) Annette Amburn, b. 20 Feb 1941.
 - 2) Carol Jean Amburn, b. 24 Aug 1944.
 - 3) Thomas Amburn, b. 19 Nov 1950.
- Helen Cleo (Trammell) Higgins m. (2) Albert Carey Davis, b. 13 March 1884, and died 1956. There were three children:
 - g. Albert Carey Davis, Jr., b. 12 Sept 1925. m. Billy Berry, b. 26 Feb 1930. They had two children:

- my mother
5. Virginia May Trammell, b. 4 May 1898. m. Hugh Witt Barrow, 28 Oct 1917. He was born 13 Jan 1894 and died 10 Nov 1950; burial was at Bowdon, Ga. They had four children:
- a. Virginia Ellen Barrow, b. 24 Nov 1918. m. John H. Barr, Jr., 30 Jan 1938. Their children are:
 - 1) John H. Barr, III, b. 6 Nov 1938. m. Shirlee Holley, 26 Dec 1960.
 - a) Judson Cook St. John Barr, b. 14 Dec 1961.
 - 2) Carol Ann Barr, b. 22 Feb 1941. m. Jackie Lee Blackwelder. There is a child:
 - a) Robert Mallory Blackwelder
 - 3) Virginia Ellen Barr, b. 5 Feb 1944.
 - 4) Robert Platner Barr, b. 26 Mar 1949.
 - b. Sue Barrow, b. and d. 19 Aug 1921. (b. / Nov, 1926) m.
 - c. Hugh Will Barrow, b. 25 May 1926. m. Bonnie Jean Spruell (31 July 1946.) Children:
 - 1) Hugh Will Barrow, Jr., b. 25 July 1949.
 - 2) Lew Spruell Barrow, b. 11 July 1952.
 - 3) Billy Ann Barrow, b. 30 Dec 1958.
 - 4) Martha Rebecca Barrow, b. 12 Dec 1961.
 - d. David Trammell Barrow, b. 1 Mar 1929. m. Alice Josephine Garner, 12 Sept 1947. Children:
 - 1) David Hugh Barrow, b. 13 June 1948.
 - 2) Charles Kennon Barrow, b. 17 Jan 1952.
 - 3) Virginia Ruth Barrow, b. 22 Dec 1958.
 - 4) Frances Ellen Barrow, b. 7 June 1961.
6. Fred Lewis Trammell, b. 6 April 1901, d. 14 Sept 1964. m. Maud Johnson, 5 Aug 1923. She was born 1 July 1903. There were no children. Both are buried at Bowdon, Georgia.
7. Mabel Elizabeth Trammell, b. 14 Aug 1903. m. John Howell Jones, 3 May 1923. He was born 30 Oct 1899. There were seven children:
- a. Julia Ann Jones, b. and d. 16 March 1924. Buried at Stripling Chapel, near Carrollton, Ga.
 - b. Betty Carolyn Jones, b. 27 Dec 1924. m. Donald Allen Harris, 4 Aug 1946. He was born 25 July 1924. Children are:
 - 1) Polly Ann Harris, b. 25 Oct 1953.
 - 2) Allen Roy Harris, b. 28 Dec 1954.
 - c. John Stanley Jones, b. 15 Sept 1926. d. 18 Nov 1949. Never married. He is buried at Carrollton, Georgia.
 - d. Myra Sue Jones, b. 30 May 1928. m. Keith George Morris, 8 Dec 1951. Keith Morris was born 13 April 1922. Their children are:
 - 1) Maxim Keith Morris, b. 16 Sept 1952.
 - 2) Kimberley Allen Morris, b. 12 July 1955.
 - 3) John Douglas Morris, b. 28 Aug 1956.
 - 4) Julie Georganne Morris, b. 25 Jan 1960.

- e. Emily Joyce Jones, b. 29 July 1930. m. Chessley Flovel Hooper, 15 Jan 1949. He was b. 30 Aug 1921. Children:
 - 1) Jane Lillian Hooper, b. 23 March 1950.
 - 2) Jeffery Howell Hooper, b. 24 Dec 1955.
 - f. James Herbert Jones, b. 21 April 1933, d. 7 June 1933. Buried at Strippling Chapel, near Carrollton, Ga.
 - g. Janie Amelia Jones, b. and d. 7 Dec 1940. Buried at Stripling Chapel.
8. Hilda Carolyn Trammell, b. 7 Dec 1906. m. Christopher Alexander Seegar, 30 Aug 1930. Children:
- a. Christopher Alexander Seegar, Jr., 13 Aug 1931. m. Nancy Catherine Deaton 26 June 1955. Children are:
 - 1) Harriet Dawn Seegar, b. 26 Sept 1959.
 - 2) Carol Deanne Seegar, b. 2 Feb 1961.
 - b. Daniel Trammell Seegar, b. 6 June 1940. m. Sarah Jane Fincher, 10 Feb 1962.
 - 1) Rebecca Lynn Seegar, b. 19 May 1965.
 - 2) Joseph David Seegar, b. 11 Oct 1966.
9. Appling Thomas Trammell, Jr., called "Buster", b. 23 April 1909. m. Helen Elizabeth Smith, 25 July 1931. Helen was born 3 June 1912. Buster and Helen finished high school at Five Points, Ala. They moved to West Point, Ga., in 1937, where Buster died. Their children are:
- a. Appling Leo Trammell, b. 3 June, d. 4 June 1932. Burial was at Five Points.
 - b. Donald Smith Trammell, b. 13 Sept 1933. m. Bobby Janel Snowden 20 Feb 1954. She was born 17 Sept 1936. They reside at West Point, Ga. Their children are:
 - 1) Donald Smith Trammell, Jr., b. 12 May 1957.
 - 2) Thomas William Trammell, b. 14 Nov 1958.
 - 3) Linda Janell Trammell, b. 17 Jan 1966.
10. Ruby Augusta Trammell, b. 24 Nov 1911, m. Nelson Oren Wingo, 28 Sept 1933. Nelson Oren Wingo was born 12 June 1904, d. 26 April 1959. He is buried in the Palmetto, Georgia, city cemetery. They had no children.
11. Julia Belle Trammell, b. 2 Aug 1915, d. 10 May 1916. She is buried at Five Points, Ala.

- F. Lewis J. Trammell, Sr., b. 23 Nov 1864, d. 6 Jan 1938. Burial was at Lineville Ala. m. (1) Odessa Jarrell, and there was one child:
1. Odessa Trammell, b. 25 Jan 1904.

Lewis J. Trammell m. (2) Vesta Lewis, b. 4 Nov 1876. Their children are:

2. Edward Lee Trammell, b. 23 Oct 1906. He was a physician. m. Mattie Preston in Gretna, La. (?). Their children were:
a. Dale Edward Trammell
b. Patrick Lee Trammell. Quarter-back for the Univ. of Ala., 1959, 1960, 1961.
c. Donald Neal Trammell.
3. Fay Trammell, b. 12 April 1910. m. Robert Taylor Butler. There were no children.
4. Lewis J. Trammell, Jr., b. 11 Nov 1913. m. Dorothy Lyndale Mitchell. Their children are:
a. Lewis J. Trammell III
b. Billy Faye Trammell, m. Ben F. Kimble.
a) Ben F. Kimble, Jr.
c. Jean Trammell
d. Jerry Trammell

- G. George Pendleton Trammell, b. 20 July 1868, d. 30 Aug 1947. m. Minnie Lee Trammell, 26 Dec 1890. Minnie was born 19 June 1865, d. 20 April 1947. Both are buried at Five Points, Ala. They were first cousins; she was the daughter of Warren Putnam Trammell. There was one child:
1. Ester Lorene Trammell, b. 5 Dec 1896.

- H. Lee Pulaski Trammell, 10 April 1869, d. 1 Jan 1958. m. (1) Julia Thomas, born 1884, d. 1920. There were no children by this marriage.
m. (2) Roxa Smith, b. 24 Sept 1888. There was one child:
1. Anita Nell Trammell, b. 5 Feb 1931. m. Kermit Harris. Their children are:
a. Joseph Lee Harris, b. April 1948
b. William Gay Harris, b. April 1945

Don't neglect to vaccinate the children and yourself and Will if he is not too busy. Use genuine points from St. Louis if you can get them. If you and Will have been vaccinated that will lighten the small pox about half, but another time will make you almost proof against it.

The principal danger of getting it is from woolen clothing used by the patient or from convalescent persons going around before bathing and fumigating. I believe you could nurse a patient through until out of danger and able to take care of themselves before you would be in much danger. I will give you Dr. Bezin Thomson's remedy (the book I am selling):

Syrup Rhubarb	4 oz	Sup Carbonate Soda	20 grams
Oil Sassafras	20 drops	Tincture Valerian	2 oz
Piperin	10 grains		

Mix all the other ingredients then add the Tincture Valerian.

Dose, teaspoonfull to table spoonful every 2 hours. Give plenty of cold water and lots of cream of tartar. Allow no hog meat or grease, and be careful when the first fever subsides about the 8th day about eating too much (appetite gets good). Fever comes back in a day or two.

H. C. Trammell

Letter No. 29

Stroud, Ala.

Five Points, Ala.
Sept 24th 1896

Dear Cousin Judge

Yours of the 12th inst received. The boys, Millard, Applin & Lee Trammell, also Lee Grady a brother in law of the Trammell boys have just made bond and got out of jail by out a writ of habeus-Corpus before the probate judge. Their bonds are 2500 Dls each. They made the bonds without any trouble and I Think will come clear at the trial before a jury. I was not in Five Points the day the difficulty occurred, but the evidence as given by reliable men they are bound to come clear. The boys have the sympathy of every fair minded man in the County. The difficulty came up as follows: The election for State and County officers had been held & one G. C. & L. . . S. were returning from La Fayette - they met George Trammell drew their pistols on him & tried to make him run. They were drinking. They left him and drove into the village of Five Points whooping. As they passed the new store which is being erected by Byron and Yad, sons of L. W. Trammell, they hollered out that they had run one G..d D..n Trammell and could or would run fifteen more. Millard Trammell was sitting the piazza of a store. He made no reply till S. got out of his buggy and began cursing him and when Millard rose to resent the insults, S. run. By this time Byron was down off the top of

*This is for Trammell II
He was shot in the
stomach -*

*Caumbie
Also books
?*

his store and met S at the back door & Byron engaged him and gave him a good whipping. But S got loose from Byron and run. All this time G C was shooting. He shot Millard, Byron and Appling before they turned on him. Lee is the only one of the Trammell boys who had a pistol and it would not shoot. It was proven in court that he never shot any but that the evidence will show that G C was killed by a young man named A Party prejudice is very high and bitter, men who have always been friendly hardly speak. I don't think that they can get a fair trial in this county.

This leaves us all well. My children only four in number three boys & one girl all grown. Oh how I wish I could see you. Yes, I guess that is Brother John that you named in your letter, he though was at Waldo, Columbia County, Ark when I last heard from him. The Cox children are all dead. Some of the grand children are scattered over east Ala & west Georgia. I seldom ever see any of them or hear from them.

Affectionately Yours, M. B. Hurst
Five Points, Ala.

NOTE: M. B. Hurst was a son of John Hurst and Sarah McDonald, a sister of Margaret McDonald who married Asa Cox. Therefore M. B. Hurst was a first cousin of Frances E. Cox, wife of P. J. Trammell.

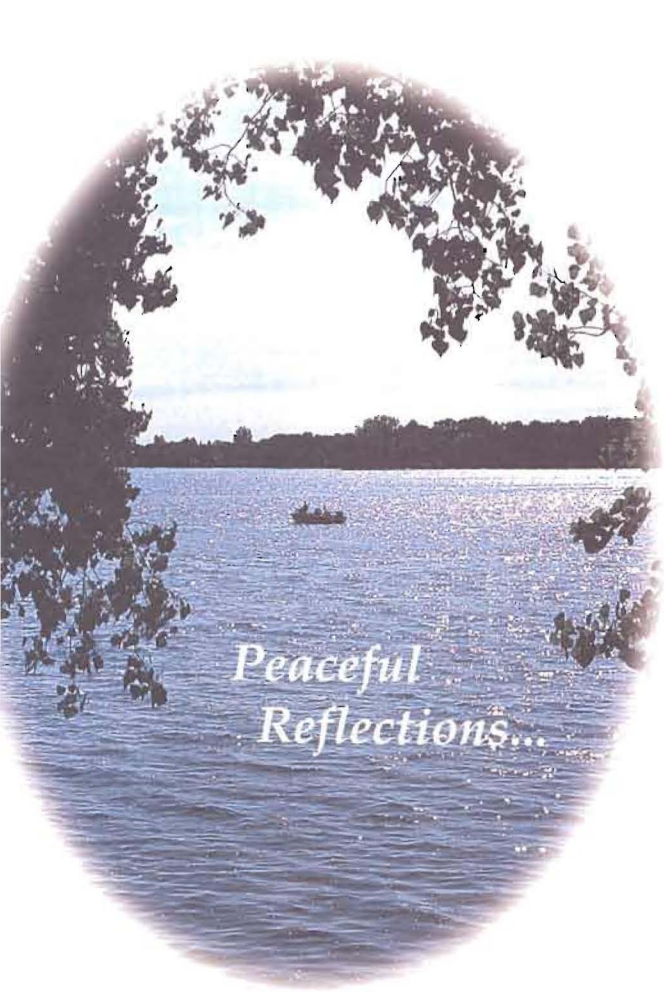
Millard, Appling and Lee Trammell were sons of Appling Daniel and Elizabeth (Stillwell) Trammell;

Lee Grady was the husband of Ursula Trammell, sister of Millard, Appling and Lee.

The names of some participants in the fight have not been spelled out to avoid embarrassment to their descendants.

The Trammell boys were found not guilty by the court.

PA Trammell was shot in the stomach. The doctor operated on him using the kitchen table. He recovered. The Trammells were proven innocent. The Trammells and Caumbies were not friendly for years.



*Peaceful
Reflections...*

God gives us each a gift of life
To cherish from our birth.
He gives us friends and those we love
To share our days on Earth.

He watches us with loving care
And takes us by the hand,
He blesses us with countless joys
And guides the lives we've planned.

Then, when our work on Earth is done,
He calls us to His side,
To live with Him in happiness
Where peace and love abide.

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
Chris Alexander Seeger

ENTERED THIS LIFE
August 13, 1931

ENTERED ETERNAL LIFE
February 4, 1999

MEMORIAL MASS
2 P.M. Saturday February 13, 1999
Barrett Chapel

OFFICIATING MINISTER
Rev. Howard Griffin

SERVICES BY
BARRETT FUNERAL HOME

WEST POINT — Mr. Donald Smith Trammell, 75, of West Point died Friday, Oct. 17, 2008 at East Alabama Medical Center in
ika.
eral services were held Monday Oct. 20 at 10 a.m. at Shawmut First Baptist Church in Valley with the Revs. John Samanie
Aaron McCollough officiating. Burial followed at Marseilles Cemetery in West Point.
Trammell is survived by his wife of 54 years, Bobbie Trammell; two children, Tommy Trammell and Linda Trammell, both
West Point; two grandchildren, Ami Trammell and Todd Trammell; three great-grandchildren, Kaitlyn Trammell, Madison
Trammell and Zachary Trammell.
Sept. 13, 1933 in Five Points, Mr. Trammell was the son of the late Applin Thomas Trammell and Helen Smith Trammell.
was employed by the West Point Post Office for more than 40 years. Mr. Trammell served in the U.S. Army in Germany. He
a member of Shawmut First Baptist Church, where he was a Sunday school teacher, deacon, lay speaker and a regular
member of the McDonald's Coffee Club. Mr. Trammell volunteered with hospice and Lanier Memorial Hospital. He was
dedicated in death by his son, Donald Trammell Jr.
ers will be accepted or memorials may be made in his memory to the First Baptist Family Life Center Building Fund.
family received friends Sunday from 4 to 6 p.m. at Johnson Brown-Service Funeral Home in Valley.
son Brown-Service Funeral Home handled arrangements.

SON OF BUSTER TRAMMELL

Valley Times
News

outlook

Reply Reply Delete Archive Junk Sweep
Save to Outlook Print Find Down
newspaper articles

Smith-Barrow

At the home of the undersigned,
the afternoon of the 4th inst.,
Mr. Hugh Barrow and Miss Clyde
Smith, of Bowdon, were happily
united in the sacred bonds of ma-
trimony. Mr. Otis Barrow, brother
of the groom, Miss Adelle Smith,
sister of the bride, and Miss Addie
Roper came with the bride and
groom and were present to witness
the ceremony.

This popular young couple have
best wishes of their many friends
for their future happiness and pros-
perity.

W. W. Roper.

had known about the reunion. My great grandmother was Nancy Elizabeth

New Reply Delete Archive Junk Sw

Search email

Folders

Inbox
 Archive
 Junk
 Drafts
 Sent
 Deleted
 Archived Mail
 Family
 New folder

Categories

Family 2
 New category

GPS Coordinates for "The Grandmothers"



Ann Doyle (anndoyle714

To: barrowljib@aol.com, artb

From: **Ann Doyle** (anndoyle7144@iclo

Sent: Thu 4/23/15 9:07 PM

To: barrowljib@aol.com;
 artbyjuanita@gmail.com;
 deepcavediver@gmail.com;
 vharman@smithshaw.com

Cc: bonnbill@live.com

Bill and I had a great day visiting Fredonia, Lys
 Points, AL so that we could get GPS coordinates of
 buried relatives. Lew and I call them The Grandmothers. I
 will need to drive to Thomaston, GA in order to get Thomas
 Trammell's coordinates; however, here's what we've got:

- Aplin and Leila (Johnson) Trammell (Ma and Pa) are my great grand parents, Gingoo's mom and dad. They are buried in 5 Points, and coordinates are 30, 1, 18 N and 85 21 16 W
- Ma's parents (my great, greats-Virginia and Fed Johnson) are buried in Lystra- a stunning, OLD iron fence surrounds their graves. Back in the woods, off the street. You won't find it on your own. Coordinates are 30 1 52 N and 85 22 9 W
- Pa's parents (AD and ME Trammell) are buried in Fredonia, in back of church, coordinates are 32 59 27 N and 85 17 21 W
- Far Harris Trammell and his wife are AD's parents. He is Thomas' son, and is my great, great, great grandfather. He and his wife are buried in Fedonia as well, GPS

© 2015 Microsoft Terms Privacy & cookies

